The dates in **bold type** have been added for clarity . **Green** text indicates insertion in original diary. **Red** text indicates deletion in original diary.

Southern States 1899 Jensen, Nephi, 1876-1 MSS SC 688 Vol. 3	1955
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Elder N. U. S. C. Jenso	on
in	
Florida and [4] Georgia	ı
From	
March 20 to Oct. 24	1899
Florida Conference	
of	
S. S. Mission	

A singular account of religion _ 26 A nest of Preachers _ _ _ 29 The effect of a Testimony _ ___66 A Lively time - - - - - 91

A preacher thanks the Lord for 117 putting an end to prophesy -

The funeral of "Mormonism" 130 A Bigot. ----- 139 A Warm Day -- ---- 143 Strange insidents -- -- -- -101

Why we were turned off. _ _ _ 163.

[page 1]

1

[5]

March 20, 1899

Peru. Fla. -- March - 20 - 1899

The past night was spent with a Mr. Geo. Barns. Persuant to previous arangement we took our leave from this settlement in the mornning. and We jurneyed eastword about 5 miles to a settlement known as Bloomingdale. At this place we expected a letter of advice from our Pres't_ notifing us of the time of conveining in Con. We were not disapointed in our expectation. At the office we got the letter which made us acquainted with the fact that we were to be in Orlando on the 26 inst. We now called upon our friend Mr. Fleming. Here we spent the remainder of the day in study.

March 21, 1899

Bloomingdale. Fla. Mch. 21-'99.

To-day we started on our way journey to Conference. We

went east about 12 miles to a settlement known as Keysville. Here we spent the night with our friend W^mPervis.

[page 2]

2

March 22, 1899

Mulberry, Wed. Mch. 22 --'199 In the mornning we resumed our journey. During the day we walked about eight miles. This distance covered, we were now at a Mr. Coxs place. Here we passed the remainder of the day in pleasant conversaition with one of my forner friends from Hillsboro Co.

March 23, 1899 Mch. 23 -- 1899. Thur. ----

A walk of 18 miles brought us to a Mr. Reynolds place at just before dark. Ofcourse we tryed for entertainment. We almost failed. Mr. directed us to a neighbor s telling us to come back to his place if the neighbor will not keep you. We did so. The neighbor refused. Reluctantly we retuned to Mr. Reynold's where we spent the night.

March 24, 1899

Fl. Davenport -- Mch. 24 -- '99.

In the hot sun we counted 23 miles of ties. Just after dark we comneancd to look for entertaimt. We were refused three times before we were successful in getting shelter

March 25, 1899 Mch. 25 -- Sat. -- 1899

Again we covered 23 miles from sun rise till dark. We had walked some distance in the dark before we found any Christion hearted people. At thee first place we enquired.- the gentleman infomed us othan he was alone. He refered us on to to his neighbor who was an Old Methodist preacher. Here we halted at the gate the lady of the house come to the door first. She enquired "who was there." I enforned her; and asked for the gentleman of the house. In the meantime both came out to the gate. I kindly infermed them of the object of our call. No sooner had I got through than the "old gent", in acents hash -and actuated by the Spirit of the under word -- "no sir"; you can't stop here." We know all about the "Momons." Our neighbor lived near Novou, and has told us all about the "Momon" people. Changing the theme -- he a the man who perfoms in the pulpit attacted us on continued Revelation and outher knnded subjects. I refuted his argunents against this doctrine -- giving him a litle sermon and at last bore him a strong testim [6]

[page 4]

4

March 26, 1899 Orlando. -- Mch. 26 -- 1899

Before leaving the frend with whom we spent the night two of the Elders called and accompanied us on the road. Twelve miles were pleasantly steped off. We were now in the City of Orlando walking on the pored side walks instead of wading in the sand. Some one on the street directed us to the "Tremont," the hotel at which the Elders were stoping. A few blocks were soon covered, and we wended our way up the stairs of the building in which "Mormons" Elders were very numerous. Eld. Rondal came and shook us by the hand. Soon others come and perfomed a like opperation. This house being full, we were

This house being full, we were conducted to another known as the Geo. House. Here we made ourselves perfectly at home. After taking toilett, I took a seat on the front pizza on the second floor and buried my thoughts in a religious book. It was not long before /others of the brethren come in. Before night there were eight of us at the house. -------At night we listend to an elequent address by Ben. E. Rich.

[page 5]

5

March 27, 1899

Orlando. -- Mch. 27 -- 1899

At ten oclock we assembled in a room on the top floor of a Bussiness block. Here we held our regular council meeting. Each Elder made a few remarks - stating in brief his feelings with refards to the work of the Lord. -----

March 28, 1899 Orlando. Mch. 28 -- 1899

This was the first day appointed for public meeting. Meeting opend

at ten; but very few visitors were present. We nevertheless wen right on with the services of the day. A number of the Elds. talked upon the first principles of the Gospel.

March 29, 1899 Orlando. Mch 29 -- 1899

To-days excersies was a repretation of yesterday's.

March 30, 1899 Orlando. Mch 30 -- 1899

After paying our fare at the hotel myself and new compani started for our field of labor. A short distance from town we were overtaken by two othr Elds.

[page 6]

6

who were going our way. At night we all met to-geather in meeting in Orange Co. For the first time, I had the priviledge of preaching in this county.

March 31, 1899 Mch. 31 -- 1899. ----

We walked to Kissimee were we took the train and road 20 miles on our road. At our destination we called upon a scandinavian for entertaiment. He infomed us of his poor circumstances, and gave us to understand that he could not do it for nothing. Fifty cents for the two of us he thought would be very reasonable. He, howevr, reduced it to $40 \ \hat{A} \hat{\varepsilon}$. - which we paid him in

April 01, 1899

Apr. 1 -- Saturday -- 1899

After a walk of about 18 miles we called upon a Mr. Reynold's who entertained us when going to Con. He refered us this time to a neighbor were we were kindly treated. ---

April 02, 1899

Ap. 2 - 1899 Sunday

Eld. Sedgwick who had traveled

[page 7]

7

in this county gave us the name of a family who were very friendly towards the Elds. We enquired about them a finly learned of their whereabouts.

At one of the places at which we enquired we were invited to stop and take dinner. This at first seamed singular, as invations with Momon Elds. usually have to be asked for. We learned, however, after getting in that other Elds. had been there before.

After dinner, we continued on our way - getting to the place we had started for just before sun-set. We were kindly envited in by Elder Sedgwick's friend. ___

April 03, 1899 Apr. 3 -- 1899 Monday. --

We road with our friend, Mr. Smith, to Keysvill a distance of 10 miles. Here we took dinner with our friend Sister Pervis. After dinner we continued our journey to Bloomingdale. Our friends here were pleased to meet us again.

April 04, 1899

Apr. 4 - 1899. Tuesday. -The day was spent at Mr. Flemings place devoted to study. ------

[page 8]

8

March 05, 1899

Bloomingdale, Mch. 5-- 1899.

From mornning until about eleven I devoted my attention to writing up my Journal. At about this time the mail arived. so I called at the P.O. Leaving the office I went on in company with my companion to our friend's place - Mr. Steins. Here we took dinner after some frolics with the boys was engaged in. At two we left for a neighboring settlement where we spent the night. The evening hours passed away while engaged in a pleasant convesation.

April 06, 1899

Bloomingdale, Apr. 6 -- 1899 [7]

After eating breakfast we engaged in a pleasant conversation. Some of the time was also manipulated in singing Hymns. At about ten we left for the Bloomingdale Settlement. Here we spent the afternoon reading.

April 07, 1899

Bloomingdale, Fla. Apr. 7 - 1899

While the rain drops gentle beat a tatoo on the roof of the house I lay on the bead with my mind

[page 9]

9

absorbed in Robert's New Witness for God. After dinner was eaten we started for Keysville. We went dirrect to the house of our friend Mr W^m Pervis. Here the evenning was passed in pleasant conversation.

April 08, 1899

Keysville Fla. Apr. 8 -- 1899

The weather being inclement, we remained at the house of Mr. W^m Pervise the entire day. I devoted most of my time to the study of Robert's New Witness for God.

April 09, 1899

Keysville Apr. 9 - 1899.

The first important event of the day was at ten oclock. Persuant to our appointment a number of the neighbors gathered in and we held a meeting in which we enjoyed ourselves greatly.

At three oclock we all gathered at another neighbors place and held meeting again, resulting in an experience like that of this mornnings.

We spent the night with a

We spent the night with a friend by the name of Giddeons.

April 10, 1899

Keysville. Flo. -- Mon. Apr. 10-99

An early rise made a long fornoon. During the mornning hours I devoted my attention to writing a lenghty Gospel letter. I had only completed some when dinner was announced. After dinner, we took a stroll around Mr. Giddeons' place, talking as we went on our way. Returing to the house, we made ready to go and visit annother friend. On the road we stoped and took a refreshing bath in a little stream. Another half mile was covered when we found ourselves at our destination. At this place we found both Landlord and Land Lady in the field following each a horse to which was attached what, in Fla. is known as a plow. It seemed that the Landlady was equally as skillfull in the handling of one of these farm implements, as the Landlord. When I say that the lady was a member of the Church, it is needless, I think, to say that we were made quite welcome. We were told to go to the house and have a seat, which we did. During the remainder of the day I read from Robert's New Witness for God. ---

[page 11]

11

April 11, 1899

Lillibridge, Fla. Tue. Apr. 11 -1899

Leaving Mr. Wreed's place, we went on to Mr. Pervise's. Here we spent some time talking about the road. Having got our directions we started

South, having for our destination a Mr. Jone's place. After walking about three miles we learned that we had got on the wrong road. Seeing a house to our left we took of to it. At this place we learned how we had gone astray, and also, were directed on the right road. Two miles more of the sandy road had passed behind us when we found ourselves in front of a farmers house enquiring about the road. The result of our inquiry was an invitation to come in and rest. In view of not having had any dinner, it is needless to say the we accepted the invitation. While sill on the pizza talking we were asked if we had had any dinner. The lady on learning we had not, went direct to the kitchen and made ready for us. Having partaken of the scanty fare, we again returned to the pizza. While waiting for our food to settle we sang hymns in exchange for our dinners ---

[page 12]

12

April 12, 1899

Pic- Nic. -- Wed. Apr. 12 -- 1899

From the place where we spent the night to our next stoping place is a distance of about 5 miles. In view of this we took advantage of the oppertunity. Along the road we would opten get in the shade of the large oaks and read for an hour or two. Befor sun down we were at a Mr. Adam's place.. Here we spent the evenning singing Gospel hymns

April 13, 1899

Pic - Nic -- Thur. Apr. 13 - 1899

A walk of about half a mile brought us to the P.O. We posted our letters; enquired the way to a Mr. Lastinger's place. Getting the information we started enrute for the place above mentioned. A short distance on the road we stoped in the shade to read for a short time. Resuming our walk we arrived at the house at about half past eleven. For an excuse to get in the pat for dinner I asked for a drink. The water being on the other side of the house we were invited in. After getting a drink we were told to have a seat on the pizza. In the course of an our conversation we learned that the Elds. had been there before s and also

[page 13]

13

that they had preached at the house. This news revived our hopes of dinner. Our hopes were realized. While at the dinner table Mr. Lastinger, who had been out fishing came in. He proved to be an agreeable and fair minded man. Leaving the table we took our seats on the pizza, this time to be entertained by a Spiritual minded man. Our friend soon made known to us that he delighted in religious talks. After half an hours prattle on the "Deity" our friend desiring that we should remain and talk to him, -- made us a proposition like this: "If you will agree to stop and talk with me till mornning, I will agree to board and bed you." We assented to the agreement. Nearly the entire evenning passed away while we were buisily engated in exchanging ideas on religeous topics. The program after supper was some-

what verigated. One of the young ladies played the organ while others of the members of the family sang gospel hymns. Between times our religious talk would be resumed. ------

[page 14]

14

April 14, 1899

Apr. 14 --- 1899 ---

While our friend, Mr. Lastinger, hoed his Strawberries. I kept him company talking and eating berries -- of course, more especially the latter -- eating berries. It was about eleven when we took our leave. Three miles of flat woods was soon covered. We were now at a little runing stream. In view of not have had a bath we took advantage of the oppertunity. After splashing around in the cool water for a time we dressed and lied down in the shade to pass a few hours in silence. While my companion produced some hymns, I had my mind burried in the Law and Testimony. Leaving this solitary spot we again journied on towards the north. At about dark we called upon a Mr. Bryant for entertainnet for the night. Once was all we had to ask.

On Mr. Bryant's table I found a book treating on the claims of the Baptist church. It was composed mainly of extracts from historical writers. The aim from the outset was to prove that the Missionary Baptist Church was the chuch of Christ. The author in suming up puts into italic's two evidnes which he considers conclusive. (1) It was showen that there had been some one during the entire time from the apostles till the present that Baptized by immursion

[page 15]

15

(2) According to Ecclestical History the churches in the days of the apostles were small republics: --- Hence the Baptist church must be the Church of Christ. Very good argument, indeed. ---

April 15, 1899Apr. 15 -- 1899 ---

According to previous appointment we returned to Bloomingdale. At the P.O. we got a number of papers which kept us busily engaged during the remainder of the day.

April 16, 1899Bloomingdale Apr. 16 - 1899

The morning hours passed by very peaceable -- nothing of any importance happend to mar the stillness of the day. At half past one we started for the a creek wherein we had determined to Baptized. The distance of 2 miles was soon covered. Me and my companion were the first on the scene of action. We set down in the shade of the tall green trees. Soom the spectators commenced to surround us on all sides -making up quite a congregation. For a time we sang hymns to content them. At ten minutes to 3 I called them to order and gave out a hymy. We went through the regular servises

[page 16]

16

opening excersises, after which I spoke for an hours on the first principls of the Gospel-- at last teaching a little on authority.

I Baptized to of the number present and started out of the creek when I was call back by a third who also desired make a covenant with the Lord. On our road back to the home of the folks we had occasion to stop in at a farmes house for a drink of water. The folks were Methodists of a deep dyeven to the stage of have the spirt of hate implanted in their hearts. I commenced

to talk about our people -- explaining that we were badly miss represented; and tried to reason some of the satanic spirits out of them. I failed in my endeavor. It was not long before the old gent. gave us to understand that he knew all he wanted to know about the "Mormon." Undestanding the uselessness of trying to talk to a man who is dead to reason; we determined to leave. At the home of our friend Bro. Fleming we held meeting at night, and confirmed the members: --- Their nams are as follows: ---Lenoard Fleming. ----Sister Lenoard Fleming. ----Sister Sarah Stearns. ----

[page 17]

17

April 17, 1899Mon. Apr. 17 -- 1899

Spent most of the day at Sister Stearn's place. ____

April 18, 1899

<u>Tuesday</u> -- <u>Apr. 18 -- 1899</u>

Nearly the entire day was spent at Sister Stearns. At about four we called at the P.O., and went from there on to Bro. Fleming's. 'Neath their roof we spent the night. While the evening hours passed away we amused ourselves singing hymns.

April 19, 1899Wed. Apr. 19 - 1899

Our letter from the Prest. of the Con. informed us that we were to remain in the Co. for some time. In view of this

we determined to open up some new country. So after aranging our affairs at Blooming dale we started north.

As we walk along the road two men overtake us. We soon learned that they hailed from the neighboring Co. Moreover, we also learned that they had met with our Elds. in their Co. It was not long befor our talk run into religious matter.

As common, one of our co-travelors had a hobby scripture that the desired solved. In speaking of it he said

[page 18]

18

there was a scripture that give him the ideathat man was a free agent; and also another that says that God is a sovregn. Commenting on these "supposed," sciptures our friends said that he did not belive that any one could harmonize them. --At this junctur we were de the road leading off in our direction: so we had to part. Our course now lay alon an old rail-way which some years ago was used for hauling phosphelt, but was now abandoned owing to the cheapness of phospelt. We had counted tys but a hundred yards when we met with another encounter. This one hailed from S. C. He was canvassing a patent Syrup evaporator. He being very apt in his speach soon opened conversation. Stoping as he neared us, he asked -- "Are you not affraid of getting lost in these woods"? I aswered in the affermative -- assuring him that we were used to the 'woods.' "You are futher from home than I am." From these words from our afrind I knew that he had seen "Mormons" before. -- In answer to my question concerng his accquaintance with our people. he said they had preached in his country. "But -- he said -- they don't make much headway -- the people up that way are very much upposed to them." I explaind how that way -showing him that it was the hertage

19

of the Saints to suffer persecution. Our talk last an hour. In the course of this time, many subjects were tuched up -chief among which was the divinity of Joseph Smith's Mission. Two miles futher on the track -we noticed a house to the right. Not knowing just were our road tok off, we stoped in and enquired. We were bid have a seat. In the process of time I learned, that this gentleman had been raised in the state of Missouri. The hour hand on the clock passed two mile ponts while here. Getting our directions for Turkey Creek, we started in that direction. Only a mile was covered when we found ourselves at a Mr. Odoms place. Here I had been before, and hence was acquainted. From here we went and saw a Mr. Mathas about the use of a church that owned. It not being in use we thought that he would permit us to preach in it. Our call wass sucessful. Mr. Mathas said to go ahead and preach all you

On ariving at the Church house at night we found no seats. In view of this we gave up our appontment and went home with a Mr. Swenson for the night.

[page 20]

20

April 20, 1899<u>Turkey Crek</u>. Apr. 20- 1899

In this settlement lives a gentleman who for some years has devoted nearly his entire attention to study. This result of his extend intelectual reseach has relulted in building an agnostic mine on the ruins of once oing mind.

This gentleman -- Mr. Mathas -- desired

very much to have us come and talk with him on eternal things. So after breakfast we gave him a call. We were greated with a spirited "Good-morning gentlemen," -- Com in." In a short time we were seated in a room containing nearly a tun of paper, in book form, --affording a resevoir for truthes and erriors also, for that matter of all kinds. Most of the day was passed mid these suroundings. --At about three we started for Knight's station having in view to hold some meetings here. On the way we passed through Plant City. He we purchased a few articles of nn. It was about eight oclock when we got to our destination. We went direct to the place where we had stoped befor. --Being assured that they would entertains; as they had invited us to call again. But our hops were in vain. The folks played sick and told us they could not

[page 21]

21

keep us. We calld at the next neighbor. Here we were also refused. Our next call was sucessful. --

April 21, 1899<u>Knigh's Station Apr. 21 -- 1899</u>

While sitting on the pizza of the house at which we spent the night the idea entered my mind to sing some hymns for effect. In order to get permission, it was necssary to ask a few questions. Changing the subject of our convercation, I asked the gentleman of the house if they liked singing. My question brought ansegative affimative answer. Having got permission I got out the hymn book, and turned to page (354. My companion joined in and we sang in a full strong air.

The notes falling on the still morrning air were carried acrross the little pasure to___ west of the house to the ears of those living on the other side. The spirit in which they

were enveloped had an effect on the inmates of a little cottage. One young damsel being desireous of getting nearer to the sorse from whence the object of her enjoyment came. soon appeared at the house where we were staying. She being accquaited at with the folks walked in without any question At this time we were in readness to leave. But we could not yet. The young damsel insitede on us singing one of those "pretty" Songs. We consented and sang

[page 22]

22

thee more. We now bid the folks good-by and started on our round. We called upon a Mr. Knight, the school supervisor _ to ascertain if a was permissible to hold servises in the school house. He offered not resistence, but told us to go ahead. We now started around to invite the people out. Winding aloung through a thicket in order to avoide waiding a swamp we came suddenly onto a house. On the pizza was a midlle aged man. neatly es'd. About this time a young lady also appeared. As we neared the gate I greated them whit a pleasant good morning. The gentleman reciprocated. At this I commenced to make known the object of my call. Before I got through, the gentle man said, "come in." I thought it very strange. Nevetheless I responded. As I walked through the gate I thought to my self "you don't know who you are inviting in." Getting on the pizza I made myself and companion acquainted with the folks. We given a seat. Taking cognizanc of their civility I asked if they knew who we were. I answered in the affirmative. I soon learned that the middle aged man was an Ex Cambelite preacher. He was, however quite different to the general run of sectarian preachers.

He respected us in our capacity, and also our doctrine. Not many minutes passed away unused. One question was discussed after another. In the meantime our friend tuched on the subjected of the B of. M. This was what I desired very much as it opened the door to the room of discussion. I hurriedly explained said book- and also the prophecies of the Bible relative to same. To say the least it was interesting to the folks. Other subjects followed -- manipulating the time till noon. We now pertisipated in a well cooked dinner. When this was over we again retuned to the front pizza. There was of course, no time to use in talking upon other than religius subjects; so we again resumed the chatt on celestial things. Befor leaving we sang several of Our hymns. Leaving this place visited nearly all of the immediate settlems-? -- telling them of our intention of preaching at

[page 24]

24

April 22, 1899 Knights - Apr. 22 -- Sat. - 1899

night. At abut sun-down, we had

completed the round. We stoped in toth school and contented ouselves in this solitary place untill a few of the neighbors come.-

Having given out an appointment for the morrow, it was necessary for us to remain in the settlement and await developments. So we decided to give a Mr. Branan a call just for pass time. Mr. Branan is an old friend to the Elders - having entertained a number of them. To get to his place necessitated a walk of two miles. -- One miles is covered and we are now

on the bank of a creek. A good chance was here afforded to have a bath. We were now slow to m in making up our minds to not to pass the oppertunity by. 'Neath the shade of the green tree we triped, and shortly we were in the cool refreshing liquid. We arived at Mr. Branam's at about eleven. He was pleased to see us. --Here I spent the afternoon reading. At night we accompanied the folks to church -- Missionary Baptist preaching. The preached [8] of the evening was a Rev. F His text was read from the 35 chap of Ezek. From this scripture the gentleman constructed a strong plea to the sinner. In the course of his remaks he peached quite conclusively the ality of the Gospel.

[page 25]

25

April 23, 1899 Sunday -- Apr. 23 -- 1899

Our first appointment, to-day was at ten. Mr. Brannan hitched his mule to the farm wagon and ha us the Station. We waited at the school house until about eleven, when we had a congregation of about a dozen. Deaming it useless to wait in for any more, we opened in the regular way; a made a general talk at some length. After the people dispersed

We remaned at the S. House until three the time appointed for our evenning meeting. Ony four adults came, so we decided not to hold meeting. Being invited we went home with our friend Mr G. Here we passed the evenning hours in pleasant conversation.---

Mon. Apr. 24 -- 1899

Persuant to previous plans we started west, canvassing as we went. We had no trouble in desposing of the two first, tracts. Calling at a third house we were invited in. The g [9] an of the house -- - preacher's brother. He was very an and tried hard to hold is own.

Poligamy seamed to be his theme. To prove it bad was his ardent desire.

After each fvolley that the preachrs brother

would send, I would retaleate with one send one two

[page 26]

26

fold more disastireous. In the meantine the wife of the "preachers Brother" noticed that her "old man" was getting rather the worst of the affair. She said, "you better quit arguing." It was apparent to me from the outset that it was worse than useless to argue with our fr this character. Changing the subject, I asked if they liked singing. Of couse they answered in the affirmative. After singing a few of our Momon," hymss we took our leave. ---Our next encounter was at a place were some men wer at work building a corall for sheep. There a half a dozen in all. We stoped and enquired the road to a Mr. Alderman's. --After getting this information, I offered each of the men a tract. The first accepted. Approaching the second, I asked him if he would care to read a "Mormon" tract. He was not reserved but spoke at once-- "No sir,' I don't take any stock in "Mormonism"-- he ejaculated in a nazal sn [10] istic of a Cracker who -- especilly hen if actuated by the spirit The one of the laborers -- I asked him if he would read a tract -said "the bible is good enough for me" --

27

The remainder of the day we had "pretty smothe sailing"-- runnig aganst no rocks or obstructions. However, at about four oclock we met with a wood be infidel. with whom we had a little skirmish on the "Law and Tistimoney"--. This "apostle" of agnosticism had be a "christian" in a number of factions of Prodestantdom: Sprinkled into the Methodist fold-- for a time he was made to believe that he "had religion". But,theBaptist in the course of time come along and enformd him of the fact that one must be "buried with Christ in Baptism"-- or immersed -- before they can get "religion". Mr. Aldeman studied over this for some time, when, at last, he concluded that the Methodists were wrong. Of course he was put under the water and become a "christian" in the Baptist church. "Aagain, the man who now believe that all are wrong, thought that he had religion. But in vain. His Brother-in law had a wife that was more hand than the fro at his own bo. His love? for this woman got to be stronger than his love for God; so, one fair day they eloped -- going to Georgia, where they spent about a year and returned. While awy his name was taken of the Bapist Church books, and Mr. as a consequence, Mr. Alderman was not a Christian longer a "christion". He found after talking to the Baptist preacher that he could not be a christan in his chuch

[page 28]

28

again. He was now dismayed, not knowing how to proceede. About this time a Camballite preacher cane along d and preached in Mr. Aldernan's neighborhood. In the couse of his preaching, he gave the people to understand that the Baptists were without authority, and had no right to Baptize. Here the was presented a third chance for Mr. Aldeman to become a "christan." So one fair day the Cambelite

put Mr. Aldeman beneath the waves of a litle creek near the home of the candidate. A third time Mr Aldeman has religion-But alas; not so. The Seventh day Advents made their appearance on the scene, and suceede in shewing the man who had now been a "christian" thrice --that he must worship the Lord on the Jewish Sabbath or Saturday. The thriple chrstin believe the advents table for a time. One of the book agents of the Advent church come around & tells Mr. All that he must have about \$2 V worth of books in order to keep up with the new. As this was in the sping of year, Mr. Alderman's corn was not ripe- hence he could not raise money. And not having the financed th to be a full "christian", Mr. Alderman became what he is now -- a - be Infidel.

[page 29]

29

April 25, 1899Tue. Apr. 25 -- 1899

Yesterday we failed to secure a house in which to hold meetings. Today we determined to try again. The gentleman with whom we spent the night told us of a neighbor who had a Blacksmith shop in which meetings had be held. H assured us that we would have no truble in getting the use of it. Having obtaned this information we strated for the shop. On arriving there we were met at the gate by a landan six footer wearing a chin beard. This gentleman resembled very much a Kansas farmer. His voice was a corse nazal snort: exceedingly joval and witty He was exceedingly joval and witty. At the gate we stoped and made ourselves ac quainted after which I offfered him, Mr Jon a tract. He accepted interestedly. We were about to leave, when he "said come

in a we will have talk." In the we were seated on an old broken chair. We had only seated ourselves when Mr. commensed to prance the up and down the fl preaching a back woods orthox discourse listened attentively, saying nothing to answer him. At about this time a nather character appeared on the scene This proved to be a Missionary Baptist Preacher. He also took a seat and

[page 30]

30

and also took advantage of the mornning's discourse. In the meantime afhngs took a change. This turn was brought abut by Mr. Johnson, making reference to John's prophecy relative the angle bringing the Gospel. I took up the subject from the same text and preached Restoration of the Gospel for about 15 minutes. At this juncture the Gospel man of the Baptist Church objected to something I had said. With the aid of the Bible I showed to his that the position taken by this preacher was wrong. My effort at once brought silence. Again I continued the same theme. Now it was Mr. Johnson's turn to talk. He made good use of the time alloted to him. He at once made refrence to me. Said he: "That man [pointing to me] has read the scripture, and I want to hear him preach"-- He can preach in my shop." Continueing his remarks; he said; Here is a Baptist preacher and there is a "Mormon"-- what must I do to be "savd?" The Baptist representive to advantage of an oppertunity to tisk the "Mormons"-- He said: "Bee on the Lord Jesus -- not on Jo th." At this juncture I rushed into the thick of the fight: in order to devend my cause. I lcated upon the mined of the man who belived in dead

prophets and persecuted the living ones -the fact that ridiculing a man dooes not refute his teachings. My remarks were sharped and ponted. The had the desired effect. Mr. Baptist said nothing futhr about Joseph Smith. The time was again alloted to me. Joseph Smith, wss a prophet was my theme. I talked fast and to the subject -- proving, before closing, that Joseph Smith was a true prophet or else the Bible was false. At about this time diner was annouced. We washed; sat down and ate; and retuned to the shop. Mr. Johnson now assumed "the aggressive." With thundering eloquence he moved into the [11] ghts of the Rebel Soldiers pictured the patroism of the Rebel Soldiers. Explain the horribleness of warfare; and how he narrowly escaped and returened home. It will be proper to state here that Mr Johnson was a litle out of his mind -- hence the verigated programm of subjects. The short hand on the Clock was no poing to the Roman numeral I. Mr. Johnson took his seat. Simutaneously a Hard Sheell" preacher appeared on the scene. He had a knive and gun that he wanted fixed repaired at once. It is needless to state that this work was defered. Mr. Johnson again took the foder and with flowing eloquence explaind what

[page 32]

32

what had happened -- How the "Mormon" Elder and the Baptist preacher had had a fight over the bible; and how he had demanded of them what he was to do. Abruptly changing the subject he demanded the same thing of the Hard Shell-- "What shall I do?" The Preacher with the hard shell being ready-witted, said: "Fix this home." Mr. Blacksmith would not adhear to this, but continued his ejackulations. We had in mind to go 6 miles futher west befor night; and it was now abou

three "oclock." We gathered up our deeds and made ready to leave. Just as I should my grip the Missionary Baptist precher attacted me a second time on the B of. M. This time he asked me if I had one with me I said yes, and immediately took it out of my grip. He desired me to read from it; I responed. After reading a chapter. I discussed Baptism for the Dead in comnection with the question - "Is the Bible a sufficent guide to faith and practice?" In the midest of this discussion we took our leave. Everything at the shop was now in confusion. ____

[page 33]

33

April 26, 1899Wed. Apr. 26 -- 1899

Having no pressing business to attend to we determined to remain at our frind's -- Mr. William's -- place. We settled down for the day. I first devoted some time to writing up my Journal. After this was done I took a book read the remainder of the time away.----

April 27, 1899

Thur. Apr. 27--1899

In view of our appointment at Antioch our attention was directed to that point.

After breakfast, -- at Mr. Williams -- we made ready to call on a Mr. Williams on our way to Antioch. We took dinner at Mr. Will place; after which we continued our jouney on to Antioch.

April 28, 1899

Fri. Apr. 28 -- 1899

At our meeting last night, a desire was manifested to have us hold another meeting to-night. Being requested we gave out the appointment. In view of have given out this appointment, we had nothing pressing to-do only to wait for the time appointed for conveening. I passed most of the day at a Mr. Johnsons shop--the place appointed for holding our meetings.

[page 34]

34

At night, a goodly congregation assemblied in the "old" shop -- having come out for the purpose of accquainting themselves with the principles of "Mormonisn." I took advantage of the oppertunity, and made two talks. My first attemp was on the personality of God -- shewing at some length the absurdities of the Christian God, without body parts and passions. Taking my seat for a rest, my companion followed me with a few timely remarks on generalities. I now made an exposition of Baptism. ---

April 29, 1899Sat. Apr. 29--1899

At the house of a Mr. Davis we spent the entire day--devoting our time to study, and the storing of our minds. At night we again assembledd at the "old" shop. for simular purpose for which we met there last night. Our auditors were fewer to-night than last night; nevertheless we had a good time.

April 30, 1899 Sun. Apr.30 -- 1899

Before six oclock we were on our road to a settlement 5 miles west, where he an an appointment at 10 --.

By a rapid walk we covered the distance before nine. We were kindly recevd

[page 35]

35

by a Mr. WIlliams. We learned on arriving here that our meetings were to be held at his hous. One of Mr. Williams' neighbors had been around and notified the people. In his round he met with many who would not come out. In one case the gentleman of the house told him that he would not come out unless he came with his gun to help run them out. We did not become discouraged, but went right on with our meeting - preahing at eleven and two. The Spirit was with us, and consequently we had a plesant [12]

Having run out of books we

Being requested by one of our frinds, we called upon a Mr. Weston,

[page 36]

36

but alas the old gent did not have room -- I mean in his heart for any To, the next place was two miles. and they had to be covered to unless we could content ourselves with Uncle Sams accomodations. At seven it was pitch dark, and we had then covered nearly three miles and yet we were not at our destination. We increased our speed and continued right on. At eight we found oursellves in the house of Mr. Daves. Here we had

Tue. May 2--1899

Leaving Mr. Daves' place we started east, have in view to go to Knight's station. Along the road we canvassed those families whom that we had missed in our previous canvass. At about eleven we called on a Mr. Hawthorne fora drink of water. Of cours our objecte in calling was to get dinner, and get a chance to talk to the folks. Our move was effective. We were invited in. After eating dinner we had a long convecation lasting about two hours. _____

[page 37]

37

May 03, 1899 Wed. May 3--1899

Leaving the night setlement we went South to Turkey Creek settlet. Here we spent the night with a Mr. Odoms. ----

May 04, 1899 Thur. May 4 -- 1899

From Turkey Creek settlt we went on to Bloomingdale. ---

May 05, 1899 Fri. May 5 1899

The entire day was passed at Bloomingdale reading and talking.

May 06, 1899 Sat. May 6-- 1899 At Bloomingdale I passed the day storing my mind with ecologial knowledge.

May 07, 1899 Sun. May 7 -- 1899

At Turkey Creek, a settlement six miles to the east of Bloomingdale was the scene of to day's work. Here had -- a few days previous -- given out an appointment for ten and 8 P.M. The member at Bloomingdle accompanied us _taking their leave.

The distance was soon coverred.

[page 38]

38

It was a pleasant sping day ride. At the school house we were greated by a small congregation which before the time for opening, swelled to the filling the house. Our evening appointment was equally as as that of our forenoon meeting. At our meeting one young man who was suffering with to much Suger. Alone dismissing I took a seat on the step. The young Christian approached me anxiously inquiring about something that our people was suposed to have done. His first interogation was conering B.H. Roberts. I appropriately ed. this My reply claped the throat of the young that want to she bark in order to let us know that he was a dog. Shorty he recovered sufficently to bark again. Excluseing his thinking face for an instant in order to conspire a question that would be efficatious - he came at me, as it were, on all four -- fully asured that he had me in a corner. "Why did they the people drive the "Mormons" West." --Demanded the stripling. I responded with another question. -- "Why did the people crucify Christ's. This was

not question. affect. They d you aut of Mi too - "What did they

[page 39]

39

do that for? Agin I replid without hesitation -- "Why did the people Marty the apostles"? This question seamed to be sufficient lead to floor the "wolf". I continued my remks in that I commenced. It was not long before the young "chap" had businss elswere.

May 08, 1899 Mon. May 8 -- 1899

Having left some clothes at a Mr. William's -- some 12 miles N.W. -- we decided to make use of the days time in calleing on them. At this place we remained till mornning.

May **09**, **1899**Tue. May 9 -- 1899.

Leaving our friend Mr. Williams we contininued on Eastward, having in view to call on a Mr. Davis and stop there for the night. But on the road we met another friend who insisted on us. staying with him. At his house we spent the evenning hours in talking on Gospel Topi.

May 10, 1899 Wed. May 10 - '99.

One mile East of the place at which we stoped last nght lives a Mr. Davis. Leavng Mr 40

ohnson's place we made him a call. We found his wife at home. She made us welcome; and gave us to understand that we were at home. After dinner Mr. Davis came in. He desired very much that we should stop over till mornning and preach in his house at night. In view of being on our road North, we were resented for a wile. But our resenting would avail nothing -- "you must stop" insisted our friend. We reluctantly consented. ---During the evening hours we passed a few hours in Mr. Davis Strawberry patch, picking a mess of the fruit that is so delicious. At night a good congregation came in. There we seated on the front pizza. At one end a little table

was place. At about eight we began

May 11, 1899

servises.

Thur. May -- 11 -- 1899.

The place that we had in view to spend the next night, was a Mr. Sees'. Mr. See is an Ex. Cambal preacher who has by reaserch ascertaned that that Chuch was not the Church of Chist. At his place we had passe many plant hos.

[page 41]

41

We knew that we would be greeted at his gate with a pleasant "Come in". The distanc of eight miles was soon covered, and at about one oclock we were seated in an easy chair on the pizza of our friend. In a few minutes dinner was ready. After partesipating

we returned to the pizza. Here the conte evenng was spen in pleasant con-versation.

May 12, 1899 Fri. May 12 -- 1899

Oweing to the lateness of retiring last night, we continued our snoze until about seven. Being awaked by the folks at work we arose. When breakfast was over we took a seat pizza. Material for chat was soon supplied. The pontnt question of the personality of Deity absurbed our minds. I son learned that our friend had some strange ideas on this theme. God is Love; Jesus is life, an the Holy Gost is Wisdom. This in detail was the definition. After about two hours talk on the above theme, we started on our road north. At about sundown we found ourselves in Richland, a little villag (in Paa Co.

[page 42]

42

We were invited in at the house of Dr. Gill, an old frined of ours. Owing to the pic nic that was scheduled for the morrow, a numer of Dr Gill's frineds came to spend the night him. Among the rest was a Baptist preacher. After supper we took to the parlor. Not long after reclining in the easy chairs. re-ligious topics commenced to present themselves for consideration. At firt Myself and the Dr. were the only parties to the discusion. Meanwile the percher made him appeart the fact that he was present. He at once attested our doctrines,-alleging that it was false. Very little tine was necessary to convince him that his allegation was fallacious. . ___ The discussion went on for about a hour. At this junctur the Gospel man perceived that he had got in to the wrong place. Without any explanations he gave up the sponge. Before retiring Dr. Gill come to me and told me that I had gotten the better of it.

May 13, 1899 Sat. May 13--1899

After breakfast we spent a short time in Dr. Gills parlor before starting on the our jour resuming our

[page 43]

43

journey north. Our days task was a seven mile stroll through the woods. It was completed at sun-down, when we called on a friend who took us in for the night.

This friends name was Ashley.

With him I hdd spent several nights in the past.

May 14, 1899 Sun. May 14 -- 1899

Although it was the Sabbath, we nevetheless continued our journey to the north. Eight miles of hot sand was covered before noon. We called at a farm house and haddinner. After eating we took a seat on the piazza and sang hymns for some time before leaving. Two miles more brought to a Mr. Mobley's place. With this man I had spent several ninghts. Here I had also eaten strawberries untill they became sour. I soon learned that beyond yonder corn field was a strawberrie patch loaded the We were told to pass through and eat all

we wanted. Of course we did so. Nearly a hour we spent bending over the rows.

Leaving here we went on to a Mr. Kemp's place. re we spent the night.

[page 44]

44

May 15, 1899 Mon. May 15-- 1899

Shortly after eating breakfast we resumed our march. During the day we couvered abut 19 miles. No trouble was experenced in getting entertainment for the night. The first place we called at was the place were we spent the night. While the evening hours passed away we sang hymns untill the air verly rang with music(.)

May 16, 1899 Tue. May -- 16-- 1899

Befor the Sun had hid its golden face - behing the tall trees we had left behind us 20 miles of deep sand. At about dark we tried for entertant at several place, but failed three times. At this luck we become discouraged. and them We thought it in vain to ask others. As we walked along the R. R. nothward, I saw a house to the rght. I said to my componion I am go ing too try this place. We did so, and were invited in. Thus we narrowly escaped stoping in the wood

[page 45]

May 17, 1899 Wed. May 17 -- 1899

The frined with whom we spent the night was a section farmer, who had to got to work at sunrise. Owing to this we were arosed early. The sun was only casting a golden glimmer over the tops of the trees when we ate breakfast. We remained no time after eating, but started on the road again. We took the R. R. -- couvering 14 miles of ties before dinner. At 1 Oclocoha we caller on some of our members. there dinnr was prepared for us.

We spent the evening at the place.

At night we held services at Bro. Blak

May 18, 1899 Thur May 18-- 1899

home. ----

After a good night's rest we againe resumed our journey. During the day we couvered seven miles. At night in a cozy litle room we held meeting with a few of the neighbors. As usual, after meeting, we sang hymns for nearly an hour. At a very late hour we retired for a good night's rest.

[page 46]

46

May 19, 1899 Fri. May 19-- 1899

Continued our jouney. Couvered 15 miles during the day. At night we stoped with a place whr a blnd man resided. He bilnd man was very talkative.

Sat. May 20--1899

This was another hot day. While the sun poured down at the rate of $104\hat{A}^{\circ}$ we pattled through 20 miles of deep sand. Just as the sun was hiding its face behind the western horizon we were passing a house, where lived some folks that had heard the Elds. preach, and were very much pleased with the doctrie. The gentlemn cane out and hailed us. We stoped. As the gentlemn appoched us he enquired if we wer "Mornon" Elders. We assured him that we were: and simultaneously made ouselves accquainted. Presently were invited to the house to take supper. After eating we accompanied the folks to a neighbor's place where we arranged for a meeting. After walking 20 miles in the hot sand I stood on the pizza of a Mr Brusons house and deliverd a lenghty discours.

[page 47]

47

May 21, 1899 Sun. May 21 -- 1899

The night was spent in torment. The mosquettos outnumbered us, and consequently took posseion of the bed: Judging from the noise my companion was making, they must have taken posession of him took. also. When I awoke this morning he was up and dressed. In the center of the floor hewas sitting in a chair with a bible in one hand, and a hankerchief in the other. With the latter he vigorously excerted himself, tring to aneialate the enemy that had keep him awake the entire night. After washing and shaving I felt refreshed. I /spent a few hours

on the pizza reading. At half past

nine we started for the school house. After ariving there we waited but a Short time before our congregation was in. I enjoyed the Spirit. and spoke nearly an hour on Authorti [14] When meeting was over we returned to the house were we spent the night. Here we took dinner, aftr which we continieued on our journey. During the evening we moved ourseves 8 miles futher to the north.

[page 48]

48

May 22, 1899

Mon. May 22 -- 1899

The Program of the day be sumed up in a few words -- "pound sand." Leaving the place were we spent the night we walked to the nearest R.R. station. Here we took the first north bound train to Orange Heights in Alaucha Co. We spent the evening at a Bro. Dyle's place. During the evening our clothes were washed by the folks.

May 23, 1899

Tue. May 23 -- 1899

At about eleven oclock we were on the F. C. & P. R. R. counting ties towards a town by the name of Waldo. We had in view to go as far as 6 mils north of this town for the night. We spent the night with a friend by the name of Hans Dowling. -----

May 24, 1899 Wed. May 24 -- 1899 Again we took the R. R track. During the long rainy day we counted about 23 miles of ties. At night we found shelter neath the roof of a Bro. Walker's house.

[page 49]

49

May 25, 1899

Thur. May 25 -- 1899

Owing to the fact that we had about 30 miles to couver during the day, we decided to make use of a few pennies that we had in our pockets, and ride on the train. We acted upon this plan, and took the train at a flag station, and rode as far as Lake City. Getting of the trian and starting up the track toward our destination -- we wre met by a member who invited us to the house to have dinner. Of couse we consented. After taking dinner we continied our jouney to Suonnee Valley, thens to Bro Wrights, where we spent the night. ---

May 26, 1899

Fri. May 26 -- 1899

We spent the entire day at Bro. Wright's. In the evening Elds Robinson and Maag came in.

The presence of these Elders added greatly to our pleasurs. We made use of some time exchanging ideas on the principles of the Gospel. -----

[page 50]

May 27, 1899 Sat. May 27 -- 1899

Shortly after nine in the mornning we retired to a grove to the West of the house. Our object in view was to hold a concel meeting. We soon find an appropreate place. We set down in a circles. Elder Robinson 1st coucelor to the Con. Presdent took charge. Meeting was opened by sing ing, "ye who are called to labor. After prayer by myself, Eld. Robinson stated briefly the object of the meeting. Taking his seat.--Eld. Sellers arose and spoke for a short time, explaing how he felt. Following, him Eld. Maag spoke for a short time. My turn came next. I spoke for some time, mainly upon the necessity of humility. Elder Robinson now gave us some good instructions. After closing meeting we returned to Bro. Wright's place for dinner. After dinner Elder Sellers and myself took our leave,-- starting enrute for our new field of labor in Ga. We were accompanied by Elds. Robins and Maag as far as the Station a mile West of Bro. Wright's.

[page 51]

51

May 28, 1899 White Springs May 28-- 1899

We walked a distance of 6 miles -crossing the line of Hamilton Co. We spent the night with a Bro. Stofford

This was a day for lively scenes. In the mornning we gave out an appointmet to preach at 3 oclock. All went on smoothely untill that hour. Shortly after the appointed time the neighbors commenced to pour in. It was not long untill the congregation had swelled to such an number that the house was not sufficient large to commode them.

Some seated themselves on the outside, others stood in the door. In the congregation could be seen people of nearly all walks in life. Not only the laborer had come out to hear of the "Faith which was delvred to the Saits"; but also the capitalist and those who lounge in ease.

Different motives had prompted the people to come out. Some cam becaus they were seaking after truth: Others out of curosity; and not a few came out to refute "Mormonism," and to prove the truthfulness of their own tenets. We enjoyed the Spirit of the Lord. My companion spoke for a short time. I followed him with a lenghty discorse on Faith and Works. After closing meeting sevral came forward and expresed their their pleasure in being present.

[page 52]

52

In a short time others came forward. These had sciptures that they wanted explained, or in other words -- false doctrin that they wanted to prove true. Thy were Advents, who belive that the Spirit of man is mortal. Several of them voiced their presence. I let them talk for some time unmolested-- assuring them that I did not want to take part in an unchistanlike convesation. When they had wrangled for some time Iasked, them all to set down for ten minutes. When they were silenced I took my bible and prved to them that man's Spirts was the ofsprg of Deity, and hense was immortal because God is immortal. This was sufficet for most of those present. They at once withdrew --saying as they left -- "thats enough." One, hower, was not satisfied. . I talked with him some time. In the couse of our remarks conversation I ascertaned that he had at one time been a meember of The Church. Haing

learned this, I at once belive asked if he believed that Joseph Smith was a prophet. He said "I did at one time--until I leaned better."

We gave out another appontment for the night. I agreed to prove that Joseph Smith was a prophet. This was runered abrod in a short tine, and when the time appointed for meeting

[page 53]

53

arved the house was filled to overflowing. Many stood in the doors; not a few stood before the open windows. We sang a hymn, and my compan offered up prayer. Another hymn was sung. I asked my companion if he would like to talk for a short tine. He said, I think it wise for you to take up the entire time. I arose and skope one my chosen subject -- The Dive Misin of Joseph Smith. The Spirit was with me, and I talked at some length. ---No sooner had I taken my seat than all arose simultaneously and left the room. No one objected to what I had said, notwithstanding I gave them permission to ask any questing they desired. Moreover, many had come out prepared to refute my arguments. After meeting I was impressed that I had spoken on the proper subject, so I felt contented.

May 29, 1899 May 29 -- 1899

Having in view to continue our jouney northword, we left the friend with whom we had spent the night at about nine oclock. On the R R. we plodded our weary way for a distance of four

May 29, 1899 Swift Creek. May 29 -- 1899

Having in view to go to the above place we left Bro. Stofford's place shortly after breakfast. Very little time was consuned in covering the three miles. At about ten oclock we were at Bro. Milton's place. Here we spent the remainder of the day. During the evening my companin joined me in a refreshing bath in Swift Creek.

May 30, 1899

Jasper. May 30 -- 1899

During the fornoon hours we counted off 10 miles of track. At about twelve we called at a frinds place., where we took dinner. While seated on the pizza after dinner we were surprised to see Elders Skidmore and Eldredge approaching the house. At first we were at a loss to know of their object in calling. We soon leaned that they had given out an appointment to preach at night, and were on their rounds notifing the people. We accompanied them to the Church House, were we remained untill meeting time.

At a late hour we opened neetin a preached to a small congregation

[page 55]

55

June 01, 1899

Jasper June 1 -- 1899

Nearly the entire day was spent at a friends' place.

June 02, 1899June 2 -- 1899 ---

Haviing given out an appontmit to prech in a neighboring chuch next Sunday, we were obliged to remain in the neighborhood. To avoid wearing out our welcome at the place where we spent the night, we deternined to go West a few miles into a neighborig settllet. On our road to this place we passed through a little town by the name of Jasper. On the outskirts of this town we were met by a friend who had heard some of the Elders preach. He was very desireous of hearing them again. Learning this we proposed to go out into his settlemet. All was agreeable, and we were soon padling our way through the deap sand to the place of our destination. Just before getting to the house where we spent the night we passed a preachers place. He was out in the field at work. Seeing us on the road he called us in. While an hour of the evening passed away, we sat in the shade conversing upon the Sctres

[page 56]

56

June 03, 1899 June 3 -- 1899. ----

Persuant to agreement we called on the methodist clergy with whom we had chatted a short time yesterday - evenig. We foud him at the house, at the dinner table. We were given a seat. The lady prepard dinner, and in a short time we made away with some corn break and hog. Returnig to the front pizza we again were

given a seat. The parson got down the Good Old Book, and in a short time a lively discusion of what man must do to be saved, ensued. This prattlle lasted the remander of the day. ---

June 04, 1899

June 4 - 1899

While the sun poured down at the rate of $105\hat{A}^{\circ}$ we walked 8 miles in the hot sand. At noon we called at a frind's place. Here we spent the remainder of the day. -----

June 05, 1899

Sun. June 5 -- 1899

This was an active day. At ten we met at the church and held sevices. After dinner we returned and held another meeting at three oclock. After this meeting we went home with a Mr. Hogom

[page 57]

57

At his place we held services at night. A large congregation came, and we had an enjoyable time togeather.

June 06, 1899

Mon. June 6 -- 1899

Early in the day we started on our jouney northward. During the day we couvered some 21 miles. At a late hour we called at a friend who invited us in for the night.

June 07, 1899

Tue. June 7 -- 1899

We continued on our jouney walking 14 miles during the day. At night we had no trouble in getting entertainment at a farm house. -----

June 08, 1899

Wed. June 8 -- 1899

Arising early, we took an early start. Before eleven oclock we had couvered about 5 miles. At about this hour, we called at a place to get a drink. We were invited in and given a seat. It was not long before the mistress of the house announced dinner. After partispating we seated ourselves on the pizza

[page 58]

58

and sang hymns for some time.

June 09, 1899

June 9--1899

Eighteen miles north of this at which we spen the night was the lived a man by the name of Dred Newburn. At his place we had in view to spend the next night. Acting on this plan we took an early start. At about half past elevn nine miles of the hot sand of Ga. was left behind us. We called at a farm house for a drink. The gentleman of the place bid us come in. We were seatd on the piza. And for about half an hour we engaged in a frindly confvecation on the Church which I represent. In the meantine dinner was ready. We partook of the corn bread

and greens, and retuned to pizza. It was not long after being seated that we resumed our convesation began befor dinner. In a short time we 'tabled' In the convesation to make time for something, which to the folks, was most interesting. Of course it was singing. And for the next half hour the woods were ringing with music. At about 3 we took our leave from this place, to go on our road farther north. At about Sun down

[page 59]

59

we were within a mile of Dred Nuburn's place. At a farm house we enquire the road and started for the place in view. We had not walked long through he thick woods befor we were concious of being lost. Which way to go we hard in order to reach the first house we did not know. It was no It was now dark; and we were tired having already walked about 20 miles. We discussed our situation between ourselvs. It was soon agreed to continue the road that we were on. One mile futher; and we passed by the settlemnt church. From this place we took the plainest road leading north. At short distance on this road a trail lead up of to a field to the right. We took the trail. Having followed it about half a mile we met a colore gentlenan, who directed us to hous. Our hearts were agan gladened. As we walked along through he stilln of the night we breathed a prayer to God, asking Him to soften the hearts of the folks upon whon we were about to call. Our payers were answered. We were taken in, and kindly treated by the folk; but very

badly by the bead-buggs . ---

60

June 10, 1899June 10 -- 1899 -- Coffee Ga. --

The bead-buds, numerous and

well armed, made such an attact upon us that an early rise was almost inadvertant. Not for the best, howver, as I felt very much depressed. Owing to eresting conditions we determ ined to remain in the settlment and hold meetings. Leaving our stoping place we started on our round thrugh the settlement. Only a mile on the road we were med by a study gray bearded Georgia farmer. We greated him with a kind good-mornnig and manfested a desire to speak. The Gergian reined up the mile. I took him by the hand and made myself accquainted. After explaining the object of our travels though the Country, I took a seat in the shade. A talk on religious matters soon esued. On a mile futher we found a man in the field. He was the doccon of the settlement Churth. And of couse the man that we wantd to see. After making ourselves acquented, we were told to go to the house and make ourselves contented untill he cane in After dinner a nunber of neighbrs came in, and the evennig was passed convesing and sing ging -----

[page 61]

61

June 11, 1899 June 11 -- 1899 Coffee - Ga

The entire day was spent a frends house. During the fornoon we convesed

on reiligious subjects, and sung Gospl Hynns. In the evenineg a congregation was gathered in and we held services. ----

June 12, 1899

June 12 -- 1899- Coffee, Ga.

Eight miles to the north is situated the little town of Douglas, the couty seat. To this place we have had our mail rum for some time. Being anxious to get the news we stated for that place. At the Douglas P.O. we learned that som trats that we had orderd had to that office had been forwarded to another P.O. 6 miles to the noth east. Leving this we started for that place. The sand being deep and the sun hot-some time was consuned in couvering the distanc. Not untill sun down did we get a glynse of our destination. In a large two-stoy building used for a Store was the Shephrd P.O to wh the office to which our mail had been forwarded. At a desk in the office was seat

[page 62]

62

the man who owns 4600 acres of land a, large store, and money in abundence. He was the P. M. After getting our mail; and in view of our suroundings, we asked for entertainent. It was granted, and in a short time we were strolling seated 'neath the roof of a magnificent residence. Over our heads were hanging lamps; around us upholstered chairs: and on the floor was carpets from Buntits factory.

Around a revolving table we partook of the bounties of the land. When supper was over we took a seat on the large pizza. In a short time all the inmates of the house joined us. We sa [15] sang a number of hymns after which I talked for a short time on the Necessity of Obedience to the Gospel. The audience listend attentively to my remarks. When meeting was dismissed we sang hymn untill bead-time.

June 13, 1899

June 13 - 1899. Coffee Co. Ga.

Having a desire to preach in the settlement school House, we went on the rounds and visited the people. We had no trouble in getting persin so as we went on we gave out

[page 63]

63

our appointment for the night. Having canvassed nearly the entire day -- when the sun was about to set we wended our way to the place appointed to preach. While the evening hours passed away we contented ouselves reading and singing. At a late hour, a small congregatin came in; and I talked on the divinity of Christs mission.

June 14, 1899

June 14 -- 1899 Coffee Co. Ga.

Leaving the place at which we had spent the night, we started in a south easterly directed. We canvassing as we went on. Between 11 and 12 oclock we called at a fam house where we were invited in. We had no sooner a In a short time we we seated aroud a table beaing a good old country dinner of corn bread and greens.

On the pizza after eating we sang

hymns and talked Gospel for upwards of 3 hours. Taking our leave here we called on some old folks. With them we held prayers, sang and talked Gospel. At this place we directed to a place said to be a mile to the east. At about four oclock we started for this place, folling the directions given. Before dark we had covered fully two miles, and yet

[page 64]

64

no place was in sight. At about this time the trail that we were follwing ran into a large travel road. We took the right end,-followng it some thee miles before we got sight of a human. It is needless to say that we were tired and worn out. As we neared the house we could see that it was large and comodeous. Our hearts beat with joy in expectation of getting entetant for the night. But our hopes wer vain. In answer to our plea for entetinmtt, we were told that all in the house were sick.

We must resort to some othr place Directions were given us to go to a neighbor who was said to live a mile distant. As the shades of night were slowly setting upon us, we trudged our way through the woods. Before we got to the house we were fully persuaded that the distance had been understed.

At this place we almos our treatm came within a hair's beadths of being a repition of being what our previous experence. But I persuied; and I might say reseirted to strategem. My efforts with the assistance of God were efficien But our welcome was a cold one; we went to bed with an emptey stumoche

[page 65]

65

June 15, 1899June 15 -- 1899-- Coffee Co. Ga.

Finding that we were not welcome at the place where we had spent thenight we determined to take an early start. As we went on our way we canvassed all the houses that we passed. Calling at a farm house at about 10 oclock we were invited in. Finding the people anxious to learn, we talked Gospel form some time. After eating dinner we again started on our rounds canvassing. At the next neig hbors we were again invited in; and of course, we took pains in explaining the Gospel. Just as the sun was hiding its face behind the trees we called upon a Mr. Ward, with a hope of spending the night whit him. The reason we

face behind the trees we called upon a Mr. Ward, with a hope of spending the night whit him. The reason we had hopes of spending the night at this place was owing to the fact that Mrs. Ward's Mother was a member of The Church-- being a daughter of Sister Canova. As usual we hailed at the gate; we heard no one say, "come in"; so we asked for a drink of water. Getting to the well a conversation ensued. Mr. Ward soon shewed his colors. From his lips could be heard such expressions as I dont like the "Mormom Church".

[page 66]

66

In answer to my question, 'why do you not like them"; he said they belive in the B of M. and D & C, ano other things that were wrong: Learng hiss objectins, I commenced at once on his text and talked on the Devinity of the B of M. It was not long befor the man of law -- as Mr. Ward was a lawyer -- was at his roops end on this line of thought. So he resorted to strategem -- Polygam was the wip with which he now tried to lash us. It is needless to say that

he faild. I took up the same wip and lashed our legal friend till he had a sufficincy.

It was now getting dark, and there was no hopes of spending the night at this place. Those circunstances necssted fast talking. I assumed the aggressive. With the sword of the Spirit I cut our frind to the heart. In a firn voice of bore a strong testimony to the truthfelln of "Mormonism". Before I was through the tears commencd to gather on the eyelids of the law man. of the man of law We walked to the next neighbor's and spent the night. While the evening hours passed away we sang hymns to please our host and hostess.

[page 67]

67

June 16, 1899 June 16 -- 1899. Coffee Co. Ga.

Leaving the place at which we spent the night, we called on the next neighbor in course of our canvass. We were kindley invited in. He we spent the time untill 2 oclock, talking and singing Taking our leave here, we walked west about 3 miles, and spent the night with a Mr. Canon. -----

June 17, 1899 June 17 -- 1899. Coffee Co. Ga.

From the gentleman of the house we learned that there was to be preaching in the settlement at ileven. And having no pressing duties, we determined to make use of the oppertunitys On reaching the church we were greated by a bitter Anti-"Mormon" who was brim full of "slime" which he had culled from novels and News papers. He desired to make manifest to us

that he was a dog. As we approached him he said: "You believe in having as many wives as you want?" I unhesitatinly gave him to understand that he had been misinformed. Before closing I presented before his mental vission some word pictures of actual life in Ga. I also gave him a lectire on virtue -- explaining the stand of our church on the finding.

[page 68]

68

In the meantine the Parson come and we all took seats inside. It was not long after befor the Parson opened the bible and announced his text -- 'I find not fault in this man." (Jno 19-) No singing was done, and the Preacher went on with the sermon, which only consisted of ulogizing our Master. It reminded me of "those who dray nigh me with their lips mouth and with thir lips do honor me." Befor closing it was deamed necessary to have the minuts of last meeting read. The man who had attacted us of Polygmy was the clerk, and consequently the man to attend to this work. But underestimating his own ability, he called on some one to aid him. The two took a seat by a table directly in front of the pulpit. Now we could read the guilt of the man who was so much apposd to the pure pf of Polygamy. I keept my eyes directly in a direct line on him eyes constantly on him. This put him on pins, as it were. He looked to one side and then to the other. Once in a while he would spit in order to have an excuse for looking down to the floor. During the entire evening it rained.

During the entire evening it rained. We walked through the slop a distance of seven miles and spent the night with a kind frind - ----

[page 69]

June 18, 1899

Sun. June 18 - 1899 ----

As I arose this mornning the rain was pattering on the roof, having continued nearly the entire night. In consequence of this the air was cool and fresh, making an ideal Sabbath. Having had a shave and attended to other matters of toilet, we took our leave -- having in view to call on a Mr. Wilsons, who was said to be a Yankee from Ohio. The distance of 2 miles was soon couvered. Crossing a branch on a foot log, we took up a lane a few yards, and found ourselves directly in front of the house. There being no one out I hail; the gentlem came to the front, and said greeted us with a kind "good- morning." Before I had time to explain who we were, we were bid come in. And for the next few hours I was buisily engaged explaining the Gospel -explaing in particular the Restoration. At three we were escorted to a Negro Church. We were in hopes that we should have the oppertunty of hearing an African Sermon. But in vain; The assembly tuned out to be a collection meeting. A big meeting was antistpated in the future, and of course, it was necessay to rase funds to defray the expecne. I noticed that the negros' method of dg was different that of the whiete. One of the leading members would go to each of the laiety by turn using language something

[page 70]

70

"Now then Bro. Smif how much is yo gwine to gif us for de ice-creem? _ Twinty-five cent I recond." Bro. Smif my be heard saiying: "I didn't say so." If he did the big black deacon would hit harder next time, he would come in this style -- "Dat don't make any difference; we got to have dat ice -- put down Brro. Smif for 20 cents." This would be the end of the contreversy, and the deacon would pass to the next. -- I next attend a White M. E. Church.

On the outside I met the pastor, and made myself accquainted. That he was full of hate was manifested in the fact that he turned his eyes to the ground _ not being able to look me in the face. On the inside he again manifested his unclean concence. While singing he would look to the floor the entire time.

After meeting we called upon a neighbor who was a rich farmer and merchant. Here wer were invited in. At night the people congregated in the hall and we held a meeting with them.

[page 71]

71

June 19, 1899

Mon. June 19 -- 1899 - Ga

After a good night's rest I arose feeling refreshed. While breakfast was being prepaired I mused myself reading from the Holy Writ. Not a long time after eating we were again on the road, traveling South. The air being fresh we soon covered a mile. We called at the P.O., mailed a few letters. The P.M. being kind bid us help him eat a melon. Of course no orotory was necessary to obtain our consent.

About two miles futhr, and we were at an old farm house. Seeing the children on the out side, I enquired if their pa. was at home. The childrn not knowing who pa was. commenced to wake their mothr who lay sleeping on the pizza. In the meawhile she awoke; I made known my business. At first, she did the lady did not understand what I said, so she made use of the common Ga. interogation--- "Hay?"

At the next place on the road we were fortunate enought to get dinner--It was by strategem, however. After giving the gentleman a tract, I see that we were not going to be invited in; so I asked for a drink of water. In a short time we wre on the pizza wating for din

[page 72]

72

June 20, 1899

Tue. June 20- 1899 -- Ga. --

To-day was the time appointed for meeting two of the Elds. on the R.R. at a station known as Husford. I So we started for that point. For about 3 miles we followed a train Road which was used for hauling logs to a saw-mill. Three About two miles on the road we noticed some men at work. As we approached them one of the coompany seamed to be very intimate. We made ourselvs accquainted; and learned shortly that the man that was so intimate was a Minister of the Gospel. I am sure that I should have remained ignornt of this fact if he had not told me given me the information; as his clothes were ragy, and worest of all his biad, of a whike groth, was smired with to-bacco juice.

We soon couvred the remaining 3 miles, and found ourselves at a Mr.

Hufford's Still. But the Elds. were not there. At the office we waited soome time, but in vain. In the meantime we were esccorted to Mr. Husfords house. Here we took dinner, after which we engaged in a lenghty Gospel talk. At 3 the Elds. had not made their appearance, so we deamed it

[page 73]

73

useless to waite longer. We walked out South of the Still were we spent the night with a man 85 years old. This old gent. supentended the farm, while 2 young ladies did the work,--both plough ing and hoeing.

June 21, 1899 Wed. June 21 -- 1899 -- Ga. --

After a good nights rest I arose and partook of the corn bread and Syrup. On the cool side of the house we took seats, and engaged in conversation. In the meantime I read a chapter from the V. of W. for the Old Gent. who was so old that he could not see. We had determined to return to the R.R. and waite for the visiting Elds. who we failed to meet yesterday. On our our road we had to pass several house. At the first we cane to we were invited in. In a short time we ascertained that the old gentleman was an Advent preacher. In view of surounding conditions it is needless to state that a discussion ensued. The pros. and con of the Soul question was comprehensively ventilated. Leavig this place we went right on the R. R. station

[page 74]

74

On ariving there we were again disapointed at not meeting the Elds.
Our friend Mr. Hudford accousted to his store where he treated us to melon.
From this place we went on

north canvassing a few place as we went on the way. As the sun was passing behind the horrison we were kindly invited in for the night.

Thur. June 22--1899

Having in view a place whre we could hold a few meetings, we made a move in that direction. At a saw mill we wer kindly granted permission to ride on the log train. We borded on of the flats, and in a short time we we passing our the rails at a rapid rate. At a friends place we passed the mornning hours attending to diffret duties. After eating diner we made a round and invited the neighbors in to meeting at night. Our gathering at night was a sucess. On a Mr. Harris' pizza was gathe seated a number of the neigh bors, and we held a formal meeting

[page 75]

75

June 23, 1899 Fri. June 23 -- 1899 Ga.

Persuant to invitation we called upon a neighbor; and spent the day with where at his place we spent most of the day talking on scriptural subjects.

June 24, 1899 Sat. June 24 -- 1899---

Desiring to be in a solitary place, so as to be able to study with out interuption -- we took to the village church house. Here we passd the time teill eleven. While the hours passed away we persued some of our books. At intervals we would aise and deliver a short oration.

Looking at my whatch I obsrvd the hour hand pointing at eleven.

I was aware of no one living any nearer than a mile. So in order to that we might help eat the mid day meal, we were obliged to start. As the sun was pouring down at the rate 90° we glided over the mile and in a short time found ourselves in a blacksmithshop. Of couse a Gospl talk ensued which lasted until dinner was announced. On the pizza after diner we sang hymns for a time to please

[page 76]

76

our entertainers. At about this time another chaacter appeard on the scene. He was an. old man religiously enclined. As soon as he had taken his seat a gospel conved ensued. I aimed directly at the forth principle of the Gospel.- I proved conclusively the necessity of reciving the Holy Ghost by the Laying on of Hands.

The folks of the house were Missiny Baptists. Owing to this peculiar beliv the doctine of the Laying on of Hands was antipathetic. The gentlemanof the house was not slow to manifest his dislike for our doctrine. He appeared in the door and without any prelimnary bid us go hence to yonder place to talk. We of couse obeyed, and in a few minit we were comfortable seated on the pizza of a neighboring house. What Again our discussion we reasume. Having manipulated about two houses. talking on the Gospel. we again took to the church. Here [16] passed the time in solitude untill the congregation come in

[page 77]

77

June 25, 1899 Sun. June 25 -- 1899. Ga.

At ten oclock we found ourselves seated in front of the pulpit of the village church, with a faily large congregation looking us in the face. No time was lost, but as soon as all wre seated we opened by singing. Following the first hymn I offered prayer, when we sang a second hymn. Elder Sellers, my companion now spoke for a short time. My name was next on the program. I followed Elder, Selles with a discouse on of Faith and works, closing with an exhortation to repentance. We We now gave them an tintermisin of a few miutes. On the outside our auditors congregated together to discuss what had been said. When I steped to the door and bid them come in, no one disent. Sone could be heard to remark: "let us get in, in time to hear it all." This time I did all the talking, making a general exposition of the first principle of the Gospel. Befor dismissing we gave out an appointmet for 3 oclock in the eveing. It being fast day me and my companion remained at the Chuch untill the evening meetng. appontment. At the appontmt

[page 78]

78

time all who had been our auditors in the morning were seated near the pulpit. Some new faces could been seen dispersed though the congregat. After meeting we were invited to go home with so many parties that we hardly new where to go. Many requested us to come to their chuches and preach. ___

June 26, 1899 Mon. June 26 -- 1899 ----

Haing given out an appoinmt at a place seven miles noth, we started in that direction. A short distance on the road was a little branch or creek which afforded us water for a bath. We made use of this oppertunty, and had a refreshing bath, after which we continud our jouney. At a farm house we stoped and took dinner. After eating a nap was in order. I slept for about half an hour, after which we again state resumed our jouney. At about sun-down we were at our destinatn We were kindly received by Mr. Adam the man at house whose place we went to preach. __

[page 79]

79

June 27, 1899

Tue. June 27 -- 1899 Ga.

Our appointment for night necesitated our a stay in the settlement of a day. So we remained at a Mr. Adam's place. Having eaten breakfast I devoted some time to writing up my Journal --putting converting to history that which had taken place during last few days. This done, I took up the Law and Testi - mony and perused its pages for an hour or so; when Mr. Adam's come in from the field. We now entered up-un a conversation, in the coure of which we discussed several Gospel subjects.

At night a 1 good congregation came in and At eight we opened meeting by singing. - -- ---

June 28, 1899Wed. June 28 -- 1899 . ------

Yesterday's stay at our friend's

Bro. Adam's place resulted in making
us quite intimate with the folks. They
had almost commenced to consider us
home folks. So before we left we spent
some time on the pizza talking and
singing. The hours rolled on. In the
meantine a stramger come in. One
who had not yet heard of the "Faith
once delivered to the Saints." His preah-

[page 80]

80

necessitad a continuation of our conversation. In the course of this conversation I made plain our object in being abroad preaching the Gospel. An appointment waited us at nigh sever six miles to the north; and we had promises a land-lord that we woul take dinner with him. These circumstances necessitated made it necessary for us to sever ourselves from the friends, with whom we had spent some time. With reluctance the folks grasped our hands and bid us good- by. Each insited on us coming back agaiin. Four miles along the a train road brought us to the place where we were to take dinner. At the gate a welcome come in greated our ears. No sooner had we As soon as we were com fortable seated on the pizza a ripe water melon was spit in two and layed befor us. To say that we 'did eat" in obedience to the invitatin -- "help your selves -- would be making a statement that is self-evident. Ofter dinner we made our way to Wilsoville P.O. Here we were met by a gentleman who had insulted us a few days previous. He had now repent and asked us to pardon him.

81

From the P.O. we walked West a distance of 3miles. At a farm house we held a meeting at night. It we The congregation was so large that we were obliged to met out side. Beneath the canopy of heaven, while the stars slarkled forth their light we engaged in the worship of the Lord.

June 29, 1899 June 29 -- 1899. Ga.

During the day we can ssed through a few neighborhods. ___ At about four oclock we appoached a farner at work in the field. As usual we made ouselys acquainted. Talking a short tine, we were told to go to the house and make ourselves at home. ----We acted upon the invitation. As soon as the children came home from school they wer sent around to notify the people that there would be meet at the house where we were stoping. Just befor dark it commesd to rain. This rendered our meeting a falure.

After supper we all seated ouselv upon the pizza and sang hyms a talked upon the pincples of the Gospel. --

[page 82]

82

F Letter from Prest. Rich.
Chattanooga Tenn . June 16 99
Elds. of Southern States Mission
My Dear Brethren: ---On account of conditions frequently
presenting themselvs, it has become necesa
for me to address you at some length
on matters appertaining to our financial
condition in general and our commisary

in particular. The business I desire to lay before you is of such a nature tha I do not care to have it made public through the Star, but the matter is of no less importance and I ask the brethr to pay close attention to what I may say. There is on feture in this mission that makes it distinct from any other other mission in the Church, namly our commissary, and through it we are able to extend favors to the brethen which are not known to those whos lot has be cast in other parts of the world. But with such favors this must necessarly follow obligations on your part, which I am desireous that you should understanthroughly, and much ill feeling, which has arisen through missunderstangins in the past will never be known in the future.

In plading with our Elds. to well dressed and to appear respectable before the public we accompany that pleading with a helping hand stretch forth,

[page 83]

83

by saying, "Brother," if you have not the means or deposit wherewith to purchase at present, we will be pleased to help you by advancing it untill you can gain assistance from your loved ones at home. Elders have appreciated this offer very much in the past, and have availed themselves of the oppertunity, as will be shown by our books whre we note that this Mission is to-day caireeing the Elds. to the extent of \$5000. -- while we are in turn owing other Elders. ---

It should not be hard for our brethrn to understand what a strain this becomes at times on the Office, and that too, we must have assistance. To whom should we go but to those who we have befriended in the time of need. We feel that our friends at home appreciate the Missions generosly in this respect and are willing to assist us in cariyng the burden, if it was only made known to them. We are most

willing to do our full share, but through circumstances which have arisen in the past we have sometimes been lead to think that the more we do the more we are expected to do, and the more fault is <u>found</u> with us if we enter the slightest protest. We think we are doing our full duty when we say to our brethren: "If you are in need of any of the necessaries of life. such as we carries in our commisery we will

[page 84]

84

gladly send it to you post or express prepaid and wait untill your friends at home can send you the necessary assistace We think that we are imposed upon when Elders send in for money, not necessary in their fields, unless they have it to their credit in the office from which to draw. Except in cases of severe sickness or Danger. We also feal it an imposition as well as Showng the Elder guilty of ingratitude for the Elder to expect, or even desire to return home before his account at the office is first settled. We are in duty bound to look after the financil welfare of the mission, first to protect those Elds. who have deposited here, and second for the spread and progress of the work. We can not extend priviledges to one Eld. and withhold them from another: We can, however, chose between two; viz: Refuse to allow an Eld to overdraw his account, or, if such a prviledge is given, it must be with the distinct under standing on his part, and on the part of his friends at home, that he should not desire to leave this Mission with an honorable release and a debt that will be a souce of annoyance to the cause and those he leaves behind. Elders have retuned home in the past with setlling their accounts, on the pronies, that at once at home among frends they would forward means to liquidate all debts. Some have failed in keeping their words and consequently we have debts of that

kind amounting to nearly a \$1000. --and dating from Prest. Kimball's time, yes, and I am sorry to say that among such Elders are some that were most prominent in the missionay field. Now bethern do not be angry, nor thnk of us unkindly, but consider the responsibility resting upon us here by making your friends accquaited with the conditions upon which we favor our Eldes. ___ . . Still one thing more Elders should remember that when . ___ Go home well dressed brethren. Uncomplementry remarks have been made about the shabby appearn e of some of the Elds who have returned home from the South. Be jeleous of the Mission's honor.

Yours Brother in the Gospel

Ben. E. Rich

[page 86]

86

June 30, 1899 June 30 -- 1899 -- Ga. --

I spent the entire day with a family by the name of M c Clealand. While the time passed away I wrote some letters. Some time was also devoted to writing up my Jounal. --- Persuant to appointment a congregation come in at night and seated themselvs on the pizza. At abaut eight we called them to order and declared unto them the word of God.

July 01, 1899 July 1 -- 1899 -- **Ga**.

Persuant to invitation we called

on up a kind farmer. Here we passed the day talking, singing and reading
Just as the sun was hiding its
face behind the Western horizon, we stroled along the road leading to the village church. The distance of one mile was soon couvered; and befor the shades of darkness had settled upon us we were in view of the little log church which nestled peacefully 'neath the tall oak trees. A short distance from the chuch could be seen the monuments marking the resting

[page 87]

87

place of those who once worshiped in the log building in which we were to hold our meeting. On entering I was struck with the simplicity of the furniture. The pulpit was constructed on the box order, one side being left open to admit the preacher.

When nearly all the seats were occupied with anxiously waiting hears we opened our meeting.

July 02, 1899 Sun. July 2 -- 1899 -- '99. --

At ten we were at the village church. While the next half hour passed away people coming in through two doors filled all the seats. Services we now commenced in the usual way. My companion shoke a short time on generalities Following him I discoused on the necesity of obedence. After meeting we accompaned a Mr. Lewis to his house. At his place we held meeting in the evening. His pizza was used for the Church house. A little table was placed at one end to accomodate our books.

At five we attended a Baptst meeting at another neighbor house.

(His At this meeting there was a large congregation was large

[page 88]

88

owing to the fact that many had come out expecting that we were going to preach. Befor we arived on the scene several parties had inteviewed Mr. Yeoman, the gentleman of the place, for the purpose of in an endeavor to obtaining his consent to let us preach after the Baptist preacher got through. It was stated by some that he at first gave his consent. The peacher being predujiced came in and fabricated some lies, and adminsted them to the old gentleman as a dose of medicine. It took affect on his brains, and at once he also took the desiose of predujicy As soon as it was it known that we could not preach at this house, a neighbor came forward and profered the use of his house. I now uncouvered my head a gave out the notice. Nearly the entire congregation followed us. Not long after getting to the house, our congregation was comfortable, seated on the pizza. And while the gentle breeze faned our faces we spoke to them under the demonstration of that spirit that emminate from God.

[page 89]

89

July **03**, **1899** July 3--1899 Ga. ----

Douglas, the county seat of Coffee Co., was the place where our thoughts centered.

We had in view to canvass the town and if permisable to hold a few meetings. With this idea in view we left our grips at our night's stoping plance and turned our faces Douglas-ward. The day was extrordinarly cool for July so we consumed but little time in covering the 3 miles. As we neared the town we could see horses and mules tied to nearly all the trees available-- manifesting to the presence in the city of a number of the country people; They, who had come in to attend court, and also to put in a supply for the "Fourth". At the court house we shook hands with several friends, who, also made us accquainted with others. Many of them manifested a desire to hear us speak. One gentle proferd to go with us and to interviw a Mr Peterson who owned the building used for Cout puposes. We had no trouble in obtang his consent. He, howevr, refered us to the board of County Commsionrs As directed, I calld on the commision. who also gae their consent. They advised us not preacd to-day owing

[page 90]

90

to the disturbanse resulting from people enterng and reentring through the room We now metireally chainged our plans. Taking our tracts in hand we started to canvass the town. Having distributed a number of tracts: we came to the Breeze office, where is published a little blade by a man who is an enemy to God's grace; who had in one of the issues of his littl paper maligned us and the people we represented. On entering the office I made myself accquainted. Being then offered a seat I made myself accquainted I asked him if he was a leasure. Being answed in the affirmative I proceeded at once to make plain the object of my call;

which was ascertain wether or not he would grant me space to make a reply to his slimy editorial. The making known of our business accquanted the Editorial with the fact that we were the two Elders that he had attacted. This knowledge shocked his nerves, and he shock as an aspen leaf- hardly knowing what to do or say. At first he was about to be radical. But I kept my posure I talked in a Christian spirit. My words caued by the Spirt melted the once obstinate heart of the editor. He now commenced to the

[page 91]

91

water. In the meantine he took our names and made promised us that he would recall what he had said in opposition to our cause. Having finished our business here, weagain commenced o resumed the work of canvass. Getting out side of the Breeze office, I notice a man on the opposte side of the streat dressed in a Prince Albert suit. This being the prevailing style for the of the preaching fraturty, I assured myself that he was a minister of the Gospel. I appoached him and ofered my hand, making myself accquainted. This done I pesented him a tract. My act in presenting the tract had the usual effect. The Pastor took the alos, and commencd to shake as if it was January. It was noticable at once that he was at sea, not knowing which piece of timber to get on. Erecting himsef a litlle he got onto a piece of the wreck and tried hard to make for the shore. Looking at the tract he muttered in a low tune-- "Mormins." -- "We dont have any of that in this country." Is that so, said the writer,-- - - there are eight hundred members of the "Momon" church in Florida, and also a large numbr in Ga.. The Pastr now became conscous of the fact that the

[page 92]

92

stick of timber that he had got on would not carrie him to shore; So exerted himsef again and got onto another that was equally feable. But the suppoising that it would beair him to ground where he could stand, he again made use of his vocal organs.--"You have a diferent bible to ours."-was the next sentence that fell from the lips that had told more than one fable in the pulpit. You must be misinformed, said the writer in a tune that manifested the peresense of the Spirit of God. True, said I, we have the B. of M. but we also beleive the Bible -- in fact more than most denomittions at the prst time do. For instance: the Laying of on of Hands for the reception of the Holy Ghost was practicd in the Apostolic church, but is not practed in any of the Churches in your midest. This brought befor the church man a horse of a different color. Again he was amazed. And, in order to justify his church in omitting the practice of this ordince, he plead the tried hard to make make me understand that there were no more apostles. I soon sustained the opposite from the Law and Testimony. At this juncture a merchant

[page 93]

93

steped out and bid us come insid to talk. I thanked him and accepted the invitation. The preacher, howevr, wisely had business elswre. ___ Leaving this store we walked on up the road running East a distance of about 100 yards. Neaing a house we noticed a small gatheng

at the gate. In this gathring the centeral figuer was a hevy set well propotion gentleman dressed in a prins Albet suit. He was the regular pastor of the Douglas Church. At this place some of his "sheep" had called upon him to get some spritual information. I never shall forget his actions when I approached him. He shock with madness as if the thermometer was 10° below zero. At first he treated us with contenpt -- not even turng around to see who we were. In vieew of his strange actions I drew neaer and ofered hin a tract. He refused to accept, and In a trembling voice with his eyes turnd to the ground he explained why he would not accept. He stated that he had live in N. C. In the settlemet whre he lived ther was a wealthy farmer who had only one daughter. When our Elds. come through that section they stoped at this place several times. In the

[page 94]

94

young lady to go with him to Utah. After the young lady had been in Utah a few years she wrote to her parnts of her suffrings - stating that she was in slavery and other things equally as pitiful, were it not for the fact that the were not true. Being assured that the Pastor was fabricating, I asked my com panion for a pencil and pice of paper, and at once made ready to take down the names of the parties. The "Gospel Man"-- not merchant-- now perceived that he was in a dilima. He at first supposed supposed that his fabrication would be accepted without refutation. Not knowing which way to stir, he flew off the hand as it were. In a gruff gurrilla tune he siad; "Let me get throug first".

When he had talked to his rops end,

meantine one of them induced the

I asked him if was through; he ansed in the affirmativ. Will you please give me the names of the parties, so I can report the case to the President "I have them at the hous in a book, said the preacher.

"You dont remembr the names of any of the neighbors of the family of whom you have spoken? "No; I dont remember any of them."

[page 95]

95

"That's strange in view of the fact that this insident came under your personal observation. It seams to me that this story is simlar other that have been told about us -- the partis implicated not being known. --The peacher saw that he, hadcut his own throat. He turned and walked down the streat towards the busness center. -- We continued our canvss. In the couse of our rounds we came to the residense of the Prof. of the High School. Calling at his gate, he came out, and asked us in. We inforned hin that our time was precious, as we had an appontment out in the coutry. He then asked us if we would have a drink. We thankd him, and stepd to the well and siped from the "old open bucke that hung in the well. While at the well, our frend-- as was a true one -spoke freely of our people and ther early pesecutions. Befor leaving he bid us call on him when passing that way. Retuing to the busnis portion of the city. we again met the fabracatng Paster. This time he was seated in front of a busness house suround by a large con gregation, who were witnessing the

word fight betwn the Pastor and

a holiness man. The bible was the fighting ground. The sence descibed in few words, resemble a side show. The big Pastor was making use of more brawn than brain. The bible in his hat was beat harder than the holynes man. He bested punished the bible in his hand harder than he did the holiness man. --At night we preached to a large congregation on the a Mr.

Mc Cleland's pizza.

July 04, 1899 July 4-- 1899 -- Ga. ---

Another "Fourth" in the "Old Sunny South. When I arose awoke this mornning I heard nothing of the noicse heard at home on these occasions. All was as quite as if it was the Sabbath. When I arose and looked around I saw no flags adorning the house in which we had spent the night. Had it not been for the calender I would not have known what day it was.

We had promised ourselves a rest. So we betook to a silent grove to spend a few hours in solitu Here neath the shade of the green trees while about two hours passd

[page 97]

97

away, we converted the last few days experince into history. We left this place in time to get to a weathy farmers place for dinner. At this place we spent the remainder of the day. A large melon patch near the house afforded us material for work.

July **05, 1899** July 5- 1899

To-day seamd to be the time of celebrations of the fourth. Early in the morning all were buisly engaged in making ready to go fishing. Shortly another crowed came to join them. This faction brought the scas and nets. These having come no time was lost in getting on the road. We were invited to join them. In view of the fact that they were going our way we accompanid them to the lake. On arival-al at the lake opperations were comneced at once. Some were going on ahead of the sca taking out the brush; two old gents draging ther gray beirds in the water carried the long net stetched across the lake; and sone of the younger lads followed up the rear taking out the obstructins

[page 98]

98

In an hour they had covred the distance, havig carried the net from one end of the lake to the other. Now was the time of the sport. The fish being corelled up comnced to jump high above the water. Every time one would shew its bre sise in the sun light the fishr men and boys would make the grove ring with their ejactulatons. If one had not ben concious of what was taking place he would have been lead to belive that they were cheering a Fouth of Juily notes After witnessng these manifestons for some time we crossed over the lake in a boat. Folloing a trail through the woods we soon came to a famers house. ___

July 06, 1899 July 6 -- 1899 -- Ga. --

At eleven we attended Baptist
Church. A preacher at which whre a Baptist clergy was the principal partisipant. He delivred a sermo preached a sermon from Col. 3 -From this it was proven that it was impossible for man to fall from grace or apostaise. The specker was a man of attainnts but not a pubic speakr.

[page 99]

99

During the evening hous I perused some of the chuch work at my disposal. At night we preached to a large congregation. ----

July 07, 1899July 7 -- 1899 ---

In a cocy little cabin in the lane we spent the day. During the moring hours I wrote up my Journal. This done I took a cool refreshing bath. after which I wrote letters till noon. After dinner I spent a half hour in dreamland - sleeping to make up for lost time. In the evening a gentleman came to see us, and to accquathimself with our teachings. He having taken a seat I at once commenced opperations. That we might not be misunderstood I explained the cause of our people being persecuted. Now I lead onto the principle of Salvation -- and sope at some length on authority

At night we preached to a full house, and enjoyed the Spirit of the Lord.

[page 100]

100

July 8 -- 1899 -- Ga. ---

Having been invited home by a family which talked by little,
I spent most of the day to myself in silent study.
At night we again met at the Church in meeting capacity.
Owing to the lowring clouds most of those who had determined in view to come out remaned at home; hence our congregaton was limited. We, howvr talked to them for a short time.

July 09, 1899 July 9: 1899 -----

Many of the settlers of this settlement had been looking forward to this day for an oppertunity to hear of the peculiar people known as "Mormons". So at the apponted time the ground around the chuch was spotted with humanity. The exceses of the Sunday School were soon over, and wh found ourselves seated before a congregation of tipical Georgan; some of whom had come out for curiosty; not a few to be seen come out only to be see; and be it justly said a goodly number come out to hear the truth. There was, someof the class who would not endure sound doctrine

[page 101]

who come near enough to the house to hear what was said.

My theme was Salvation by Works.

The congregation listened with rapt attention. Anealy All were well pleased, and we were invited home by several.

In the evenning we again met at the same place. My subject this time was the birth of the water and Spirit. Just as I sat down one old gent who was predujiced, and was out for the first time --turned to some of his co-hears and asked -- "shall we endorse it"? The co-hearer saaid: "Yes sir we will have to." --

July 10, 1899 July 10 -- 1899 -- Ga. ---

Having mail at the PO. in Douglas we determined to walk there and get it. A distance of ten miles had to be couvered in order to satisfy this our desire. The weather was pleasent so the miles were put behind in a short time. At twelve we called at a farm house to inquire our road. The folks being kind bid us come in. In view of the presence of a strong apitite we were not reluctant in accepting. On the pizza as usual we spent the time till dinnr was an nounced. After eating we re-

[page 102]

102

returned to the pizza, wehre I now laad down and took a refreshing nap. At about one again we took the road for our destination. Befor three we were in the city of Douglas. In passing up the streets the presence of two evangelists in the town was was made appearant. The people were in confusion. Bibles adorned the counters in the merctilie

houses. Little congregations could be seen hither and thither discussig the plan of human redemption. Some as a result of having an over dose of "religion" had resulted to the bar rooms where they had tried to wash it down with fire water. One of these in particular had taken the "Preaches". This is a disease pecular to the people of Douglas. The symptoms of this diseas are varies according to the tempement of those who contracts it. In this case the victim was affected in the region of the vocal organs. This caused some considerable nois. At times he could be heard singing about how he helped to kill the "Yankees"; the next instant he would be deliverig a Fouth of July Oration. As sooner, as would the applaus relting from the after the oratin cal, than he would in DWitt

[page 103]

103

Talmage style, declare the Gospel according to himself. The big CowBoy preacher from Texsas was in town. He was to peach at eight. In consequence of the talk about By peasers he had by this time been elivated to the plane of Dwitt Dalmge. It was clamed by his admirers that no one could stand befor him. In view of ther circustances we determined to go and hear him.

While We were at the church in good time. In order to be able to hear distinctle we took a front seat. Shortly a tall angularly uncultured gentlem came in and took a seat upon the rostrum. Is was the preacher from Txsas. I steped to him and offered my hand, making myslf accuqainted. This done I immediatley made him accquanted with the fact that I was an Eld. of the chuch of Jesus Chist of L.D.S. and that I

had come out to hear him. The man thus was to preach the Big sermon expressed his pleaser in my presence. Changing the subject The Texas man said, 'I represent the Chuch that Christ established"-- What do you say if we take a twist"?- a debate. I infomed the 'Big Preacher" that

I was not out to contend nor to

[page 104]

104

prove the doctrne of other chuches false; but to prove the doctrine of our church true. Continuing I said, I would, howevr, be pleased to occupy this pulpit for an hour and explan the plan of salvation according to "Mormon" theology; after which I will prviledge you to make use of an hour to deny my argument. The man that had lasoed more heads of cattle than he had preached sermons, disented. He gave me to understand that he wanted a debate and no thing else. At about this time the meeting commenced. The big man took his text from Ephesians "By Grace are you saved," was the theme. The preaching consisted of reading a passage of scripture, commentig on the same, and daming all to hell that did not believe as the peachr. A number of times the boasting preach would ofer money to any one who would bring a passage of scrip ture refuting what he asserted. At the close of the sermon he permited me to make my statement relative to a discussin. No sooner had I taken my seat than the regual pastor of the

[page 105]

church. Mr Poslin, arose to his feet, and at once comnenced to liberate the spirit of satan which was within him. In the course of this word he would at times shake as an aspen leaf. Sufice it to say that it was clearly manifested to all present that the Gospel man was not speakin but the Devil within. which was within him.

After meeting we walked out

After meeting we walked out in the county. and spent the night with a kind young farmer. ---

July 11, 1899<u>July 11 --1899</u> -- <u>Ga. -</u>-

When I arose this mornning
I found myself in a settlement
where we had held several meetingsresulting in moving some to investigate. Many of these in consequence
of their aroused interest insisted
on us holding meeting at night.
We gladly consented and gave out
appointment at the village church.
The day was spent with some
of the Farmers. --At night persuant to appontment, we met a small congregatin
at the church and held an
interesting meeting.

[page 106]

106

July 12, 1899 --- Ga. --

In view of having an appoinment some ten miles south, we turned our faces in that direction shortly, after pertaking of beakfast. Being aided by a gentle breeze we soon couvered two miles. Here was the

P.O. to which we had had some mail forwarded. On calling we were informed that the mail would not be in until evenning. Concious of our suroundings -- knowing that we were in the immediate vicinity of several friends -- we determined to call on one and pass the time till the mail came. A mile through the timber brought us to the house of an ardent adherent of the Primative Baptist Church. Being hospitable, the member of the so-called "Hard Shell" Church", bid us take shelter beneath his roof. As soon as we were seated on the pizza the man who belives that he is saved by grace, commenced to quote scripture to sustain the doctrine of predestination. I at once built bulwarks of Faith and Works to guard off the misles that came in rapid sucession. My fortifications were substantial, and in a short time I took the ground

[page 107]

107

and explained the principles of salvati After dinner I explaind the B of M. and up proved conclusively that the Gospel should be revealed tin the last days. My talk on this line resulted in Good. The entire family becane interested, and expressed a desire of hearing us preach. Befor leaving we sang sevral hymns. These were listend to with rapt attention. At the P.O. we waited till about six oclock when the mail came. Having gotten our mail we steped ap thruoyh the timber a distance of a mile where we spent the night we soon Kind hearted people. -----While eating supper the lady of the house told us of her fealings to-wards us befor she heard us preach. When her husband left the

house to go and hear us for the firs time she strictly forbid him to bring them home. She now expressed her sorry at accting in this way After supper while seated on the pizza with a cool gen breeze fanning our faces we sang several of our Gospel himns. ---

[page 108]

108

July 13, 1899 July 13 -- 1899 -- Ga. ---

Leaving the place at which we had spent the night, we walked a distance of one mile to the Shouth. Here lived a well-to-do farmer by the name of Lott. With him we had me While with him a few days pevious we made arrangements to dye our clothes at his place. Acting upon this ar angement we at once commenced opperations. It was our first attemp at any thing of the kind, so it is needless to state that we made many blunders. The boiling of the clothes was by far the most disagreeable phaze of the work. bear The sun was pouring down at a Foraida rate, and it was necess arry to stir continuilly for 3/4 of an hour.

After getting through with this task, we enjoyed ourselves claping our lips of a big watermelon. ---During the evening we passed the time in the shade studing and conversing with the menbers of the family -. _____

[page 109]

109

July 14, 1899 July 14 -- 1899 -- Ga.

At about eight oclock we left Mr. Dan. Lott's place, and started inroute for Pearson, a settlement some distance South. At this place we had an appointment to meet at night. On ariving at our destniat we learned to our that our appointmt was not very widely narated. We heard also that there was already an a protractirr Methodist Meeting going on. In view of exsting conditions we determined to give up our appoinmt. At a kind farme's place we took sper, after which we accompanied a traveling salesman who was stoping at the place ----to church. --At the meeting a Mr. Beysmore was the principal pertisipant. He discoursed from Mk. 8:36. At some length he shewed how man was very mindfu of the body. After his treatment on the core of the body, the Pastor exorted the congregation wih fervency to take better care of the inner man the soul. The talk on this line proved to be futle; and many were out of patience. Some more effective line of thought was now taken up. The Hell of burning hell of fire and brimstone was depicted

[page 110]

110

and the good people were presented with the idea that they would all go to hell that place if they did not come to Jesus(?). The man in the pulpit exhausted his orotorical powers befor he took his seat. The choir now sang a hymn while two preachers stood near the altar beging the people to come up and be prayed for. In a short time, a few surounded

the alter. and the beg and the circus began. One of the Parsons knelt down and immediatle went into extor - tions. He pounded the air and yelled at the top of his voice. It remindd me of the Hypocrits who use vain repetions and think they shall be heard for their much talking.

July 15, 1899 July 15 -- 1899 Ga. --

At eleven an appointment awaited us at the village school house. At the time given out for meeting the little building was seated with Georgia Farmers in their shirt sleaves. A short meeting was held, resulting in making some friends.

With some kind folks we spent the evening convrsing on

[page 111]

111

the plan of salvation. At night my companion attended the regular meeting held in the Methodist Church, and listend to the Pastor scouge the "Mormons".

July 16, 1899 July 16 -- 1899 Sunday

Persuant to previous arrangemts we met at the school house at eleven. Befor our sevices a Baptist preacher by the nane of Herald discoused for an hour on the claims etc. of his -- the Baptist Church. It was a spirited discouse. The Pastor stomped the floor and fomed at the mouth. At intervels he would be compleately exhaustd. Talking or yelling at the top of his

voice he said: "I am glad that I am a sheep".

After dismissal we took a position at the front and made redy for our meeting. At this Mr. Herald, not being able to endure sound doctrne, took his Bible and started for the door using making use of these words as he withdrew: "These men are going to preach now; If, any you want to hear them you can." .This was a case of the

[page 112]

112

hirling fleeing when the wolk comes.

While I discoursed upon the necessity of Obedience. some young men sheltered under the well-covering were brewing up Mob-violence. Their effort was futle, as the secret leaked out. Just after getting to the house were we contemplated to spent the time till meeting, two of our friends cone to the door and called us out. The object of their call was manifest to my compainions at once.

We were told by these men that that a mob was in store for us if we went out to the school house. They advised us to take our leave from the settlemnt, this we did and thus narrowly escaped a mob. --

In the evening we held a quite little meeting beneath some large oak trees. ---

[page 113]

113

July 17, 1899 July 17 - 1899 -- Ga.

Again we were disappointed.

After giveing out an appointment to preach in a neighboring Church, the Methodist held a meeting in the same church, and gave the people to understand that we could not the "Mormons" should not preach in the house an more. In view of this we, were disappointed, and found only a half a dozzen at the church. to at We took to a neighboring, house and preached to the few that desired to hear.

July 18, 1899<u>July 18 -- 1899</u>. <u>Ga.</u> --

After visiting with sevral families, we took to a Mr McCllealands place. At night a congregation come in and we held a meeting on the pizza.

[page 114]

114

July 19, 1899 Wed. July 19 -- 1899 Douglas.

This was the day of our appointmt at the City of Douglas. So in order to be there in good time we took our leave at Mr. Mc Clellands shortly after breakfast. As we slowly strolled along through the woods many thoughs ran through our minds relative to the result of our attempt to preach in the County Cout house. At times our immaginiatve faculties would try hard to have us belive that a mob would interviene. Then agan we would be assured that all would be smothe sailing.

In a short time we were in the little burg. I went directley to the P.O. and got our mail. Leavg here we went then to the scene of the day's activity -- the Court House. Here in an upper room was seat the clerk of the Co. Commissarie in company with the Parson of the church. I had no sooner enterd this roon th As soon as I entered the room a conversation was opend. Joseph Smith as a prophet was first discussed. Then We next talkd on miracles and prophesy at some length.

[page 115]

115

The time had now arrived for the conveing in meeting in the hall below. I slowly stepted down and took my seat beside my companion in front of some of the leading men of the town. In order to call people in we sang a hymn.

Befor commencing my discouse I read Isa. 8:20. Some of those who had come out manifested a desire to break up the meeting. They laughed and talked veheminently but to no avail -- I talked right on. When they learned that I was in earnest they settled down and listend just as attentively as any present. After meeting we walked out of town a distance of 5 miles and spent the night with a famly with whom we had stoped before.

July 20, 1899 Thur. July 20 - 1899 -----

At eleven we preached to a small congregation in a shed owened by a Mr. Cannon. Shortly after taking dinner we started on our

way back to a settlement in which we had done a great deal of preaching. In this settlment we peached to an amount at a farm house.

[page 116]

116

July 21, 1899<u>Fri. July 21 -- '9.9</u>. ----

Spent the day at a Widdow's houes, reading and writing. ---

July 22, 1899 Sat. July 22 -- '99. Ga.

It being a rainy day we passd most of the time at a Mr. McCloud place.

At about 12 a Baptist preacher who had been wped biblically by an Elder came in. His presenc gave life to the occan. At once we comenced to discuss bibical subjects. It but In a very. short time the Pastor thought it wise to take his leave; which he did.

At night we held a little meeting with in a farme's house

July 23, 1899 Sun. July 23 -- 1899 ----

Having no appontnent out for to-day, we deternined to attend church in-a neighboring setllmt. The folks with whom we had spent the night. hitched the Old mule to the wagon and caried carried us to the place [page 117]

117

The preaching was conducted by a Mr. Poston an avowed enemy to the cause of Truth. He was so filled with the spirit of hate that he even gave vent to his feeling in the prayer. Among other things that he thanked the Lord for, was the putting an endto propecy -- "We thank thee that thou didst send thy son to do awa put an end to prophey,"-- rang out from the lips of one of those who "draw nigh me with their lips and with their mouths do honr me."

The sermon was from Jno. I4.-"I am the way." For about a quarter of an hour the man who would make a better bleacksmith than preacher, trie to depict the disappoinment of the Jews in the coming of Christ because Christ had not come in the way they had expected. Now the text was queoted, and another fable was told. In explainig the text it was the pastor strov hard to have the congregation understand that Christ was the way to heaven; the way to the Church; and the way to the ordinances of the Gospel. After meeting we retiered to the settle thre left and preached to a lage congregtion

[page 118]

118

July 24, 1899 Mon. July 24-- 1899 -- Ga.

By letter we had been notifed that a new Eld. would be at Willicoochee on the 26 inst. We were directed to be there on that date to meet him; so in order to make light walking we started in that direction. Eight miles of sand was put behind us befor one oclock. We now found ourselves neath the roof of a Mr.

Dan. Lotts house. Here we spent the evenning in pleasant convesation - now and then, for a chane,

Now and then we would reduce our friend's supply of watermelons, just to dispel monotony. ___

July 25, 1899

Tue. July 25 -1899 - Ga.

During the day we walked eight miles -- canvassing all the houses in reach of the road we traveled. At Liberton a station on the R.R. we secured the use of a large Baptist Church for a meeting at night. At the appointed time we were seated in a well lighted house in front of a good congregation. Our meeting was a sucessed renderd so by us enjoying the Spirit of the Lord. _____

[page 119]

119

July 26, 1899 Wed. July 26 -- 1899 -- Ga.

In order to meet the Eld. that was due, we took our leave from the place where we had spent the night and started for Willicoochee, the place of destination of the "New Eld.". We only had 3 miles to cover; and we were only a short so we were but a short time in getting to the little town. As we walked down the streets of the little burgs the eys of all were set upon us, bent on ascertaing if possible wether "Mor

mon" Elds. looked like other people. We first called at the Depot. Here we were given to know that the Eld. had not arived and that the next train from the East was not due befor four oclock in the evenning. In view of being thus suround, we determed to try to obtain permission to use the Methodist for the purpose of holding some meetings. We interviewed several prominent membes of the church and a majority of them expressed a willingness a desire of hearing "all things." Some, however, objected. So we calld upon the trustees of the academy they consented to let us make use of that building.

Eld. Mace came over from the

[page 120]

120

neighboring county to join us. Our meeting was well attended. We enjoyed the Spirit of the Lord. and consequently made an empression upon the minds of many who came out to listen.

After meeting we were invited home by a merchant. In his bed room we had a good nights rest, notwithstanding the fact that we had only had one meal

July 27, 1899<u>Thur. July 27 -- 1899</u> - <u>Ga</u>.

In the last letter received from Prest. Paker I was instructed to wait at Willicoochee over to-day to meet the Eld. that was to have come yesterday. Have a day befor me Having a day to wait, I determnd to accompany the 2 Elds. that we to leve me, as far as to a river that separated our counties. Here we had a refreshing bath to-geather, as in days of yore.

Then we separated near the bridge Elds. Sellers and Mace to go in to Berring Co. and myself to go back to Willicoochee and wait for the train.

I managed to get back to town in time to takediner

[page 121]

121

with our friend the merchant with whom we had spent the night.

While the evening hourse passed away I listened to the pcontending arguments of two lawers in a R-R. case.

My companion came on the train.

After disposing of some of his buden we started out in the country. At about seven oclock we called at farmer on a farmr by the name of Newburn. He kindly invited us in. Here After super we accopnpaned the folks to a prayer meeting. Af When meeting was over we returned and spent the night with Mr. Newburn. -----

July 28, 1899 --- Ga. ----

At eleven we met at the village church with a good congregation, and declared unto them the words of eternal life. By speaking under the demonstration of the Spirit we made friends with those who came out. At the close of the meeting we were cordialy invited to take dinner with a farmer. At this farmer's place we spent the evenig. At night we held services again

July 29, 1899 July 29 -- 1899 - <u>Ga.</u> --

Persuant to appointment we met at the Church at eleven. A small congregation came out. Notwithstanding this. we neverheless held a meeting. -----After services we accompanied a Mr. Dan. Roberts home. He being a Methodist Pastor forced a conersaton upon us. As we ploded through the hot sand the relative merits of "Mormonism" and "Methodism" was brought to light. We by no means ended the discussion on the road; but when got on the pizza we reasumed with renewed energy.----During the evening we were left to our selves. Mr Roberts havin gone out to look after the wellfare of the sheep. ---At night the young folks of the settlement gathered at hoone house to have what they called as sing. By invitation we also attended. ---

July 30, 1899 July 30-- 1899 ---

In accord Persuant to previous appointment nearly all of the people in the vicinty met at the

[page 123]

123

church for the purpose of holding a prayer meeting. We were there also and that too in time to get the ful benefits our the deliberations, which consisted mainly of singing and praying. --- A sunday school was held after the meeting. When this was over Mr. Roberts spoke at some length on generalites. His purpose in doing this was to prevent us from talking. ----We now spent a few hous with a school teacher and his famly. While at their house we discussed bible principles. At three we attended another S S.. Here we were privledged to talk after the school was dismised. At night we held a meeting at a dwelling house. This meeting was so largely attended that half of the people could not get inside. The fense the near the house afforded them as seat.

[page 124]

124

July 30, 1899July 30 -- 1899 -- Coffee Co. Ga.

Counceling together we adoped soon adopted a plan for the day. A settlemt some ten miles to the West was our objective point. We had in view to hold some meetings at this place if the settlers "could" endure sound doctrine Our road for the three the first three miles lay along the B & W. R.R. This distance being couvered we found ourselves in the little town of Willicoochee. We called at the P.O., got our mail and then called upon a merchant with whom we took dinner.

At about 2 oclock we again foud ourselves on the road plodding our way to the north west. The sun was extremly hot so we frequented the shade of the trees along the road. At abo Just Befor sundown we found ourselves beneath the roof of a kind.hearted farmer who made us welcome.

On the pizza we passed the evening

in pleasant conversation. The presence of a traveling man enliven the occasion.

[page 125]

125

August 01, 1899

Aug. 1-- 1899 -- Ga. ---

Having aranged our affairs we started on our rounds. We first called upon a man who had in charge a building that had been used for preaching. An interview with him resulted in obtaining his permission use the building. Having obtaind this permission we took a strol aroug the settlement notifing people of our appointment at night. --- All who heard of our meeting came out, and we had an enjoy able time.

August 02, 1899

Aug 2 - 1899 ----

The entire day was spent in visiting.

August 03, 1899

Aug 3 - 1899 ----This day was spent like yesterday -- -----

August 04, 1899

Aug. 4 -- 1899

After walking a distance of 7 miles we met with frinds, and also secured a building to preach in. At night we talked to a small congregation in a well furnished church at the corner of Coffee, Irwig and Berring counties.

[page 126]

126

August 05, 1899

Aug. 5 -- 1899 Ga. ---

Beneath the roof of a kind-kearted farmer's house we passed nearly the entire day. I manipulated the time in varies attending to various duties. In the evening we retuned to the little town of Lax, where we preached the past night. Here we took supper with a planter. As the shades of night commenced to lower we stroled to the church where we were joined by a large congregation.

August 06, 1899

Aug 6 -- 1899 -- Ga. --

Our appointment for the eleven A.M. was 5 miels to the East of where we spent the night. So in view of it being fast day we got on the road early. At about nine oclock we stoped at a friend's place and changed clothes. At the church we meet a large congregation; Some had come a distanse 8 miles to hear of the stange doctrine. We enjoyed the Spirit, consequently we had a good time.

Owing to the fact that I had

Owing to the fact that I had a cold we intimated to some that we would not hold services

[page 127]

127

in the evenning. But at three a congregation was seated in the meeting

house so it was necessarry for us to go and preach to them. ---

August 07, 1899

Aug. 7 -- '99. Bridgtown Ga.

The fornoon was spent in the settlement. At about ten we called upon a Mr. Isa Lott. We remand at his place till after dinner. At three we started on the road. During the evenning we covered about nine miles of hot sand. At a late hour we called upon a wealthy farmer; and were kindly invited in. Here we spent the night in a well furnished room. -----

August 08, 1899

Tue. Aug. 8 -- '99, Carver Settle- Ga.

On leaving the place where we had spent the night we had in view a journey of five miles; but a mile on the road we were invited in. Owing to the weather being extreamly hot we deternined to stop over untill the cool of the evenning. Being surounded with facilities for washing clothes we put in and run our clothes through During the evenning we passed over about 5 miles of sand. Before dark we were at a ends' place.

[page 128]

128

August 09, 1899

Wed. Aug. 9 -- 1899 -- McClelland, Ga.

We had been informed by friends that two Rev. gentlemen had arranged to preache the abituary of "Mormonism" on the following Sunday. Being desirious of being present on this memorial oc-

casion we meterially changed our arranged plan of work. We made up our mind to remain in the settlement and visit our friends.

We firsad called at a Mr. McClelands. Here we took dinner. After eating we called at another place where we found several of the men-folks at work. Among the rest was a Hard Shell. His presence necesitad a discussion, which was p protracted.

With this member of the Primatve Baptist Church we spent the night. After supper we took our seats on the verandas Here we discussed the doctrine of the Savior for some time; after which we sang some hymn's and retired for the night.

August 10, 1899

Thur. Aug. 10 -- 1899. McClelland.

The day was spent at kind frend's place. Nothing unusual happend. _____

[page 129]

129

August 11, 1899

Fri. Aug. 11 -- 1899. McClelland Ga.

This day was spent as yesterday.

August 12, 1899

Sat. Aug. 12 -- 1899. -- McCel. Ga.

Yesterday we learned that there was to be a meeting at the Baptist Church in the settlements ats eleven. Desiring "to hear all things," we made redy and started for the scene of actiton at about half past ten. As we drawed near

the little log church we perceved that the meeting was dismissed. No doubt the pastor "smelt the rat-" learned that we would be present; and not deaimg it desirably to preach to a congregation composed partially of "Mormons, he opened the services, read a chpt. cmmented a littell and dismissed -- consuming in all about half an hour's time. We accompanied some kind friends home. At their house we passed the evenning on the veranda. The presence of several old folks renderd it practicall to talk of the times of eternal life. So all in all it was a pleasant evenning. At times we would read; and then now and then we would sing some of our sweet hymns to break the monotony.

[page 130]

130

August 13, 1899 Sun. Aug. 13 -- 1899. M^cClelland, Ga.

This was a day, with me, that was peculiar to itself. As I sat on the veranda of the house at which I had spent the night, patiently waiting for the hour appointed for preaching the "funeral of Mormonism" to arriv when I should witness "Mormonism" embalmed by a Pharasee -- my thoughts sored alof; and **Himma** I tried to immajine what effect an anti-"mormon" discourse would have on the minds of my friends. Those around me were discussing the phisafie of the plan that had be adopted by the Rev. Mr. Casen. The oldermembers of the family were making redy for the meeting, while the children -- not realizing they th were so near those who, would in the next hour, would would be lowered to the level of those who in the days of Paul were counted the "offscouring of all things" (I Cor. 3:13) -- played joyfully and unsuspectingly on my knees.

A glance at my companion's watch revealed the fact that it was time to start. We sholdered our grips, and in a few minutes we were in the woods by ourselves. As we passed stroled along through the woods, lonely dell we talked freely of what we conjectured that would take place. Crossing a little branch and winding our way around a plantation, --

[page 131]

131

we are in sight of the little log Chuch in which I had declared the principles of eternal life. Horses were tied to the trees, all around the little synagog manifesting the presence of a large con gregation. As we drawd drew near the house we met sevral of our friends who were pleased to see us; They informedshort time we learned us that the principal man who was to do the scurging was alredy present. While conversing with our friends on the ouside the Parson steped out. A glance at his eye revealed to me that it yet sparkled with hate as it did some two weeks ago when he was a component part of a congregation to which I devered five discouses of on the Gospel. People continued to come. In the meantine another Pharess Pastor put makes his appearance. At about this time I steped inside and quitely seated myself beside my humble companion. The Methodist Pastor, was now in the pulpit, and also in bewillderment. It had not entered his mind that the "false prophets" would be present to listen to the scourging. The house was now filled to its utmost capacity, and many who could not gain enterance took shelter from the hot Ga. sun under the large near the house.

[page 132]

I caste my eye upon the man in the pulpit; I see a smile onne his countenance. Not knowing the cause of this strange phenomonon, I turned about and looked through the door; what should I see but a Baptist Clergy, --in ththe person of A. B. Finley -- the bigest Orthodox gun in Soth Ga. Mr. Finley is a fluent speaker, well versed in the sciptr and is now in the thiritieth year of his pulpit practice. But hes is, I am in formed, so idicted to blackgard, while in the pulpit, that all the churches of his own profession close their doors against him. On this occasion, however he was just the man that the Methodist pastor was in need of. No sooner had he got insid the church than he was invited right to the front. Of course Mr. Cosen gave the meeting over to Mr. Finly. The Pharasees fight the Sadusees, while by them selves, but when the Nazareens comes in their midst they join hands f and wedge their war upon the Nazareens. ----Pastor Finley arises; takes the bible and reads the text-"I find no fault in this man." At first one would one Listening to the commencenet of the discrs one would be lead to belive that it would turne out to be a regular orthodox sermon. But the purpose of the speaker was soon detectable. It was noticable

[page 133]

133

in a short time that he had in view to retain the frindship of the people and at the same time embitter them towards that sect which "is every where evully spoken against." (Acts 28:22) Acting, upon upon this plan his adopted plan the man who represented that class of people that "draweth nigh me with their mouths." (Isa. 29-) used all the retorical paint in his shop in beauti fying the name of Jesus. This was done in an effort to retain the frindsh of the hearers. And while he would

have. Jesus on the highest pincle of glory, he would with the same brush paint the ignominy an tornent of "Joe. Smith" and "Brigham Young," as they walk the sulphureous Streets of hell, because they invented that soul destroying religion known as "Mormonism"

This The Pastor remaned in the puilpit an hour and a half. During

This The Pastor remaned in the puilpit an hour and a half. During this time he traveld over the he plought a little ! in every field of anti-"momon" thought -- starting at Dan and finishing at Bushiba.

Mr. Finley becomes exhausted and takes his seat, making way for the "Weslyan," Mr. Cosen holds up what proved to be an antimomon tract, and immediatly commeses to read.

[page 134]

134

the people now commence to get tired of Satanity, and with daw one by one. When half about 3 paragraph's had been read the house was half empty. The more intelignt were among those who withdrew. One school teacher, a particular friend of mine, shook his head with disgust and walked out. In sheaking to those on the outside, he denounced the proceedings of the Pastors

The Methodist Preacher had in view to read the entire tract, but it was manifest to him that he would have no hears by the time he got through; so he changed his mode of proceedure. He droped the tract and eom at once commencd to warn the fairer sex of the daingir ther was in entertang those "wolves in sheek's clothing." It seamed that

G Apparently his warning produced the wrong effect; for when he wstep out of the door he was met by one lady who rebuked him severly for his conduct. I overheard what she said heard her make use of this language: "I have a

Book of Mornon at my house, I wish you wish you would come and read it; but I want you to understand that you can not stop over night at my place.

[page 135]

135

While the preaching was scouging was going on I silently asked the Lord to open up the way for us to vindicate our rights, and befrend the innocent people that we represented. The Lord was mindful of us, and worked in a misterious way in our behalf. The Pastor receved such sever rebuke that he hung his head in shame and walked away from the church. No one came to him and asked: "Won't you go home to dinner with with us?" Late in the evenning we held a meeting on a veranda. A large congregation was present, and by the asistance of God's Holy Spirit we preached the Gospel in power. After services meeting nearly all of the fairer sex came and shock us by the hand.

August 14, 1899 Mon. Aug. 14 - '99. Ryalo. Ga.

By a man, living in a neighborig settlemet, who was present at our meeting yesterday evenning we sent an appontmt to preach at his house to-night. On the way home this man met his preacher who kindled a fire of predujce in the heart of his deluded follower. The pharasee also succeeded in

[page 136]

persuding his blinded follower not to let us preach at his house. The slander of the Pastor was effective; and the man who we entertained supposed was a friend obeyed the coucil of his blind-leader. So in order not to have to met us. he left his home, leavig his family to themselves. And when we called the whole was revealed. It was apparent to us that we could hold no meeting. We however, remained and took supper; after which we called upon a neighbor where we spent the night.

August 15, 1899 Tue. Aug. 15 -- 1899.

After eating breakfast I_Awasbid have a seat on the veranda. In a short time I was surounded by the membes of the family and also my companion. A gentle breeze was fanning our faces, rendering our suroundings quite comfort able. What could Under these circum stances what could avert a discussion on religious matters. Nothing. Mr. Roberts, the gentleman of the place, lead out by alleging that Athe "Mormon" our method of interpretation of scipture to be ent. Moreover, he took the position that all the O. T. had to be spiritualized. To divest our friend's mind of this erronious idea that had lodged there, I cited him

[page 137]

137

to the words of Peter: -- "Knowing this first that no prophecy of the scipture is of any private interpretation." This scriptural citation meterially changed the subject of discussion. In the meantime talking became so monotoneous that we deamed it wise to eat some watermelon. Thi done we started on the road for the a settlemnt known as Wilsonville. At a Mr. M^c Kincai's we took diner.

Here we were joined by two young men

who were traveling in our direction. One hailed from Illinois; he had been musterd out of the Army at Tampa Fla. Owing to his extensive travel he made good company.

At a little creek we stoped and took a coold swim as in days of yore. ___

August 16, 1899

Wed. Aug .16-1899. Wilsonvlle Ga.

During the day we walked eight miles.-arving at a settlemt know as Wilsonville. Here we passed the night with a Mr. Wilson----popularly known as Yankee Wilson. ----

August 17, 1899

Thur. Aug. 17, Wilsonville, Ga.

Our plan of work for the day was soon marked out. It was our purpose to hold a few meetings in the villiag school house, if permssable. Acting

[page 138]

138

upon this plan, we called upon the trustee to get their consent. No trouble was experienced in getten their acquiscence. At about ten oclock we called upon a Mr. Testont, a wealthy terpentine man. At his place we came in contact with an apostle of Predestination, or as they are popularly known-a hardshell. He manifested a desire to prove that a certan class were predainied to enter pass through the pearly gates, and anothe class was predoomed to walk up and down the sulphurous steets of hell. Taking a seat he immediatle quoted the text -- "By grace are ye saved;" and followd up with a regular line of Herdshell argument. When he got to his roops end I followed with a short discourse on F and Works. The Tortose-shell man hit back with Esau

and Jacob. In this discuson an hour was consumed. Dinner was now anned. After eating we resumed the chat. In a half-hours talk a. In a ha half an hour the "what is to be will be" was at his ropes end. ----Continueing the work in hand -- putting out our appointment -- we called at the school for the purpose of having ther notice of our meeting given out there. The young stripling at first was reluctat, but by persuasion we got him to promise that he would

[page 139]

139

to give out the notice. - - - Havng now finshed our work of canvassing we betook ourselves to the shade of some large trees. Here we took shelter from the hot Ga. sun, and devoted several hours to the study of the Gospel. As the sun was passing behind the western horizon, we brushed up our clothes and started, for the place appointed for meeting. We reached the house by the time at the time when Just as the the shades of night were falling. No one was yet present. We took a seat near the teacher's bench and waited patently waited patiently for our hears to put in their appearance. Fully half an passed awy while we were in this lonely position. We, now commenced to doubt the phesability of holding a meeting. At this instant two men accompanied by the young teacher came to the door. We immedately greeted them with a pleasant good-eveninng; they did not reciprocate. The strangeness of their action put on excited my suspicion. In the meantine they steped inside and came right to the front. Remaining mute for an instant-- one in in a gorilla tune one of the company made use the following language: "I want you to know that you are not going to preach in this house"! - - "You see that road out there; you take it as soon as you can." Knowing that he was void of authority, I asked him if he was the govenor of state. Continuing my remarks, I said prove to me that your are the Gov. of the state then we will get out

[page 140]

140

Our stubornness raised the temper of the bigot. He in all probability had assured himself that we could be bluffed, but found that he was mistaken. He ran to the house as if for a weapon. but returned in a few mintts without In five minits he returned without the object of his errand. He now acted like the dogt that had got underneath in the fight. Barking was the best he could do; and finly got back of the house to do that. ___ When the fanatics returned to the house we also took our leave. In a short time we were seated on the veranda of on a kind frind's veranda, rehearsing the our ou talking freely of what had taken place.

August 18, 1899

Fri. Aug. 18-'99

Owing to our disappiontment last night the plan for to-day's work was metirelly changed. We had in vew to hold a series of meetings at the school house, but in this settlment, but owing to persecution, we were compelled to "flee into another city."

A walk of four miles brought us into a friendly neighborhood. Here by hard work we suceeded in appointing a meeting for the night

[page 141]

141

August 19, 1899

Sat. Aug. 19: Fales. Ga. ----

The day was spent with frinds in the settlement.____

August 20, 1899

Sun. Aug. 20 -- Fales Ga.

At eleven we found ourselves beneath the roof of what had been used for a comissary. In a shot time a feongregation most of the rought board seats were occupied. A spiritual feast ensued. By the demonstation of the Spirit we talked at some length on the first principles of the Gospel.

At four we meet at the same place and for the same purpose for which we meet in the mornning ---

August 21, 1899

Mon. Aug. 21 - '99. Fales Ga.

Having in view to preach at a place four miles to the West, we took our leave from the place at which we had spent the night at about nine and started in that direction. When the sun was at the meridian we were on the veranda of a firen friend's house. During the evenning I devoted some time to the study of the Gospel. --- At about eight oclock P.M. a congregation was seated on our friend's pizza. Persuant to Areeable to the purpose for which they I come out we held a meeting. ----

[page 142]

142

August 22, 1899

Tue. Aug. 22 -- '99. Pearson, Ga.

Between us and In the mornning,

between us and the field of labor for the day was eight miles of sand. Shortly after eating breakfast we were on the road making towards a town known as Pearson. A mile is soon covered. We are on the banks of a little creek, which afforded us a splended oppertunity for a refreshing bath. On the road a hal half a mile futher on lives a farmer-

who treated us to watermelon.

At about five in the evenning we found ourselve in the town of Pearson. It is needless to say that our presence in the town attracted the attention of the zitizens. As we walked along the side-walk [17] many remarks were made concering the object of our call and other kindred matters. At the P.O. we were made accquainted with some of the leading men of the town. They expressed a desire to hear all things, and hold fast to that whch is good. A little exertion on our part secured for us the use of the town school house. Having layed the foundation of our work we now directed our attention to the superstructer. Leaving our grip at the school house we took a stroll through the principal streets inviting people in search of material for our congregation. Having completed our canvass we betook ourselves to the school house. having, At this place we had in view to spend the time till the hour of meeting in stoing our minds. But while But our plan was changed. While setting Just as we had settled down to study an old man

[page 143]

143

came in and kindly invited us homee.

At about eight we were back to were seated near the teacher's desk in the we found ourselves beneath the roof of the village school house, seated near the teacher's desk. In a short time a goodly congregation was seated befor us.

To say that a majoritiy of those pressent had come out for curiosty sake would only be making, what -- to "Mormon Eld's." -- would, be a self- evedent statement.

Nevertheless, Notwithstanding existing conditions we nevertheless declared the word in boldness -- making prominent the fact that "those who live Godly in Chist Jesus shall suffer persecution."

After meeting we were invited home by a Mr. Crosby, who made us welcome to his hospitality.

August 23, 1899

Wed. Aug. 23-'99. Pearson, Ga.

The day dawned hot and dry. At nine the thermometer was higher, was high as afternion usually. In mingling with the people, of the town duing the early part of the day it was appearnt we were

led to believe that the mercuy that recorded the Spritual tempeture in the thermometer that recorded the Spiritual tempeture was equally as hight if not higher, than the mercuy in the thermomter that recorded the physical tempeture. By our preaching last night the water of truth came in contact with the fires of Satan. Lusifer, supposing that our effort would extinguish his fires, was was up early and at work; he was His whole force was directed to the fire of hate. He The poker and coal

[page 144]

144

shovel -- the "lie and slander" -- had no rest.

A goo Morover, a goodly numbr of his adherants assited him. One in particuar. When we walked into the P.O. the first thing that caught our eye was a man setting on the counter perfoming a chemical oppression on an Anti. Mormon "tract." A reading of his countenance assured us that he was in the act, of converting the slimy matter impressed on the pages of the tract in his hand,- into oil, which, of couse, was to be added to the fire of hate in his heart.

Our presence in the Office made a brought about a revolution. The harp of polygamy was taken up by the P.M. On it he played what a tune that he was persuaded would be so obnoxious to us that we would go into spasms. But not so; his tallent was not equal to the occasion. The man with the anti-momon' tract realizing the ine inability of his brother in the cause of error to this, at once, stuck another tune on the same instument. By him polygamy was elassed. catalogued with sin. And. moreover, those who practiced it were doomed to hell. As soon as silence was, pemitted to reigns for an instent, I put in a few words. In few clear cut remarks -I made appearnt the fact that the anti "Mormom" had made God a sinner and Jesus a Bastard. In view of the incontestability of my argument our opponents become enraged. The P.M. said that it was a wonder that we were not shot befor we got out of town.

The whole matter comes to a focus. Persuant to appointment we were at the school house at the regular preaching hour. Having released myself of my burden I commeced to raise the windows. While on the rostiam I glanced at my companion who was near the teachers desk; he was in a strange mode. My curiosity was exited, and steped ovr to him he motioned me to the desk where my eys beheld the following written in a scrauley hand: Pearson. Ga. 8 - 23 -- 1899. "F Morman Elder's" "If you want to get out of this town with hole skin and boons & no Scars on your Physiogmey, **Dont** let the next sun set on you here." (<u>Char</u> " <u>Com.</u> " <u>of</u> 6-)

Notwithstanding the subjoined was befor

us We paid bu little attention to the polite (?) note befor us; but whent right on with the meeting persuant to appointmnt. After meeting we accompaned our frnd Mr. Crosby home. At his home we spent a had a good night's sleep. ___

[page 146]

146

August 24, 1899

Thur. Aug. 24-'99. Pearson - Ga. -

Realizing the danger of remaing in a towm composed of partialy of savages we determned to take our leave. Two miles from town we were bid cool ouselves on the venda of a Mr. Hendeson's house. Just as we had taken our seats we head some one yelling off a distance. In a short time a wagon vehicle came in vu containing a half a dozzen m intoxicated men drove by on a road a distan from the house. They were on the road which we intended to travel: so we assisted that assured ourselvs that we had narroily

escaped a mob.

At a neighbr's place we spent the evenning and night. _____

August 25, 1899

Fri. Aug. 25-'99.--Mt. Zion Ga.

An appointment at N a sell church by the nane of Mt Zion for the following Sunday attracted our attention in that diretion.

Moreover, we had in view to visit some frinds living near this church; and consequence of view of having to leave the Mt. Zion settlmt Sunday evening we determed to make the walk to-day, and therby make time to vist our friends befor sunday. Acting upon this plan we found ourselvs on hot sandy road befor nine o'clock. Two miles are soon covered. Doubting Fearig that we were on the wrong road

[page 147]

147

we called at a farm house to inquire our And bein way. An Having obtaned the desired information we asked for a drink. Of couse we were invited in. Having siped from the "old open bucket" we were bid have a seat on the veranda. We le soon learned that we were in the presence of an infidel. For some time we talked on his rauise spice. In the meantime the Old Man's "grand daughter" makes her appearance. Her eys were sparkeling with hate. Coming to the front she asked in a tremblling tone if we would permit her to ask us one question. I assured her that she was at liberty to ask as many as she wanted. Leaing back in my chair, and making acute my sence of hearing, I kept my silence and waited for the thunderbolt. And if came. --- -"What are you men out here for; we we are not heathens - we have got preaches here." Finishig her sentence she took a seat in front of us and prepared for our reply. I took to the helm. Restoration and Apostacy wer taken up I infomed the young lady

that the Gospel had been restored by the

angle that John saw, and in fulfilment of his prophecy we were preaching to "every nation, kindred tonge and people". Morever. I made appent the fact that she had not yet heard the true Gospel.

[page 148]

148

Addition to 145. ----

In the course of our discussion at the P.O. one man - seamingly inteligent-doubted that the bible used by the "Momon's" was like the regular orthox bible. To dis - pel this erroneous idea from his minde I assured him that we used King James' Translation of the Bible. The anti "Moron" being ignorant of the term, and desiring to say something in opposition to the "Mormons"-- demanded in a harsh tone -- "who is King James -- "Yes, Joe Smith and King James went in to-geather and made a bibe"..

August 26, 1899

Sat. Aug. 26 - '99. Mt. Zion, Ga. -

The day was cool and pleasant. In view of our appointment at the church the In view of having appointed to preach at the village church on the morrow, we remained at the house at which we had spent the night the entire day. During the fornoon I I converted the insidents of the last few days into history. While the evenning hours passed away I perused Orson Pratt's Works.

[page 149]

149

August 27, 1899

Mt Zion, Coffee Co., Ga. Sun. Aug 27 - '99.

Owing to the rains of the last few days the air this morning was cool and clear; an ideal day for holding meetings. Our plan of work for the day was layed a week ago. A meeting washad been appointed at eleven to be held at eleven. In view of this app Accordingly, when I aros I ammedeately commenced to make ready for this event. We were at the village church in due time. At the church the little synagogue we shock hands with many friends who were delighted at our return. In a short time all were seated and our meeting was opened. After the opening exercises, my comp -anion made some general remaks. I followed him with a dis course on the esentiality of Baptism. A num majority of those present were of the Baptist persuasion; owing to this the food that we gave them was relished. Even those who were not of this persuasion manifested no aversion.

At about half past three we conviened again with an equal number of heares present. After meeting we took a strol through the rain a distance of 7 miles to meet an appointment. At this place a large congregation had gathered in, and again we preached the truth. ------

[page 150]

150

August 28, 1899

Fales Coffee Co., Ga. Mon. Aug. 28 - 1899

The heavy rains during the past night rendered it impossible to work on the plantations. © Consequently, in accordance with a prevaline practice of Ga. planters, they were attracted by their seocial natures to centeral places; where they could listen to current topics discussed. Morover, our preaching the doctrine preached by us during the last few days in the settlement had been converted into wind which was now making rough the sea of public opinion. Those who had boarded a sciff as a conveyance to get to "Uncles Jos." place to talk about that strange ism from Utah,

had rough sailing. But owing to the course of the gale they were but a short time in making the voyage. Those some who rode the "old plough mule" had to reign him up often to avoid listening to the disgusting braw of "False prophets"-- "False teachers"-which had been wafted into the dumb beast's ear from some Pharasee's pulpit. Befor nine oclock a respectable congregation was conveined in front of the house at which we had spent the night. Among the rest was one anti- "Mormon." who manfested his love for is coleagus in warning them to "Beware of fales prophets." His serices, howevr, was not accepted: for many of the a majorty of the little gathering had already been recived the warnning, and, moreovr, had had expland

[page 151]

151

how they could "know them by their fruits." The aversion of the l of our friends of any thing anti-Mormonistic, had a strange effect upon the man who had taken a dose of--at the instigation of- persuant to the councel of his spiritual advices -- taken so much imbibed so long from a bottle containing "learn of the pharasees," that he had taken, what is know to the medical fraternity as Mad. head-a-mania. And when a half a dozen of the boys when one of the young man who had, heard the Elds. from Utah preach, asserted that "Mormonism" was and Bibleism were synomyns terms; and a half a dozen others voiced their affirmation of the assertion-- the man who would warn his friends of false propets, commenced to look upwards commenced to think that a shower of meteords was coming. ----

August 29, 1899 Mt. Zion, Ga. -- Aug. 29 -- 1899

At M^cDonald's a sawmill ton on the R-R. we called upon a Sunday School Supt. for to get to ascertain how he felt relative to the ism from Utah being preached for

the church in which he held fort. On making know the object of our call we were asked what "kind" of preachers we were. I was persuaded that the churchman perceived that we were the despised "Mormons" and being activated by the spirit that

[page 152]

152

activates all those who oppose the truth,

The asking of this question assured me that the church-man was inspired by the spirit that actuase all other Pharasees. He desired to have us know that he did not consider "Mormon" Elds bearing worthy of bearing the name of preachers. I, howevr, did not concur with the Pharasee in his assumed position; but at politely informed him that we were preachers of the Gospel of Christ.

Being persuaded that we were "Mormons" the Sunday School Supt. demanded some time to consider. We were informed that we could call at 2 P.M. and get the desision. Of course the decision was rendered was against us. As soon as we learned that it was not permissible to preach in the little chaple we took to the countrey. A distance of 5 miles brought us to a kind friend. Here we spent the night in peace

August 30, 1899 NFales, Ga, Aug. 30 -- '99.

In the cool of the mornning we made a walk of five miles, ariving at a country store making our appearance at a country store at about ten oclock. Here we exchanged a word or two with a traveling man who had met some of our Elders in Verginia.

Befor twelve we had covered tow

[page 153]

we were two miles futher on our way.
At a friends place we stoped and took dinner.
Late in the evenning we resumed our task of pounding sand. Just as the sun was hiding its face behind the Western horizon, we f were taking a seat on the verand of a house in which lived a Predestinaran.

After supper found us again on the veranda. Having been inforned that our friend was a scripturan, I waited patiently for expected every minute that he would take up the "good book" and play us some of the old "Hard-Sheel" tunes. but I was some what disappointed, for the "what is to be will be" man was reluctant. In order to lead him on I asked a few questions. This method seamed to be affective; for as soon as I had asked the questions we f were faced with Esau & Jacob and the Corn in Egypt. ----

August 31, 1899 Douglas, Ga. Aug. 31 -- '99.

During the day we walked nine miles. At night we rested beneath the roof of a kind farmer's house. _____

September 01, 1899

Douglas Ga. Aug. Sept. 1 -- 99

Nothing of importance happened during the day. At night we held a family meeting. ____

[page 154]

154

September 02, 1899

D. P. Lott. -- Ga. Sept. 2 - '99.

Persuant to appointment we met onf the veranda of a friend's house at night

in meeting capacity. A small congregation was present. ----

September 03, 1899

D. P. Lott -- Ga. - Sept. 3 -- '99.

D While seated on the veranda waiting for after breakfast we were sudenly surprised. Prest. Parker and accompanied by Eld. Skidmore steped to the gate. We knew the object of their visit; they had come to give counsel. Accordingly, our plan to go out to orthodox preaching at eleven was fustrated. We arranged to hold our, Priesthood meeting in one of the rooms of the house at which we were stopig. After partaking of the scrament we listend to the instructions given by Eld. Scidmore and Prest. Parker. Tithing was the absorbing theme. Instruction were also relative to the scrament were also given. At four a large congregation gathered in and we held an interesting meeting. Elder Scidmoe and Prest. Parker being the speakers. ____

[page 155]

155

September 04, 1899

D.P. Lott. -- Ga. Sept. 4 - 1899.

This was a day of trouble. During the past night I was kept awake about half the time by the tooth-ache, and when I arsose this mornning it had not subsided. Of course my first thoughts were upon the took that was causing the trouble, and upon some means of alleviating the pain. I was not long in determining what to do. Information was given me to the effect that there was a dentist four miles distant, was given me; so I proposed to give him a call. The four miles of hot sand was soon couverd; the tooth taken out; and we retured to our frind's Mr Lott's place, where we spent the night

September 05, 1899

Fales, Ga, Sept. 5 - '99. ----

During the day we walked 7 miles. At night we found ourselves beneath the roof a friends house.

September 06, 1899

Downing. Ga. Wed. Sept. 6 - '99.

Late in the evenning we started for a place where lived a siner, that is, a man who was neither a Pharasee nor a Sadusee. At about dark we called at his house, and were kindly invited in. It was not long befor we were

[page 156]

156

comfortable seated and in the midest of a conversation that was agreeable to our friend, who, because of Pharaseeism, had become agnostially inclined. Our entertainer listened with rapt interest to our explanations of eternal judgment; and when we sustained by the Law and Testinoy the doctrne of reward acording to works, our friend voiced his agreement with us. The position of a hypocrite relative to God's economy was next shown. In this connection of the woes of Jesus pronounced upon this class of people were reiterated. After pointing out a few species of Hypocricy supper was annonced. After supper found us again on the veranday. Again Pharaseeism versus Chrstinty was discussed. At a late hour we retired for the night. _____

September 07, 1899McClelland, Ga. Thur. Sept. 7 -- 1899

For the purpose of having a tooth pulled

we walked to Douglas, a distance of sevn miles. But on arriving there we were disappointed to learn that the Dentist had gone out of town. We retuned from town and spent the night with a friend in the person of J. J. M^c Clelland.

September 08, 1899

McClelland, Ga. Friur. Sep. 8 -- '99.
Again we called at the Dentist's and leant that he was in the county.-Spent the ngh wth C. _____

[page 157]

157

September 09, 1899

Henry Minicks, Ga. Sat. 9- '99.

Our appointment at the above place necessitated a walk of six miles. Befor noon we had covered five. At this time we called at a house for futher directions. We were invited in The folks being clever invited us in. We stoped with them for dinner after which we walked on to the place of our appointment.

At night a large congregation gathered in, and we held an interesting meeting on the veranda. ___

September 10, 1899

Henry Minicks, Sun. Sep. 10 - 99

At eleven we met in meeting capacity on the veranday. The remainder of the day was spent in pleasant conversation. _____

September 11, 1899

D.P. Lott. Ga. Mon. Sept. 11 - '99.

At about four oclock, after a walk

of ten miles, we were at the house of our old frend, Mr Dan. Lott. The presence at his place of a number of visitors made a way for us to converse on the Gospel. The evenning passed away pleasantly while our minds were centered upon Religeous topics.

[page 158]

158

September 12, 1899

Fales, Ga. Tue. Sept. 12- '99

Through the woods a distance of six miles, we walked to a neighboring settlement, where we held a meeting at night.

September 13, 1899

Fales, Ga. Wed. Sept. 13 - '99.

During the day we visited with friends

September 14, 1899

Zene Kerklan. Ga. Sept. 14-'99.

€ At night we held a family meeting

September 15, 1899

Downing. Ga. Sept. 15 - 99 ---

Visited friends during the day ---

September 16, 1899

Dowing. Ga. Sat. Sept. 16-99

We had an appointment at a school house in the neeighborhood for the night, but owing to the heavy rains during the evennig we failed to meet it. ____

September 17, 1899

Downing, Ga, Sun. Sept. 17 -- 1899

The mornning dawned wet and drisley. Our hope of holding meeting at eleven was not at all boyant. However, we called at the school house at about ten oclock and found two persons present. We waited till eleven,

[page 159]

159

when took our leave,-- starting for a neighboring settlement. On the road we were stoped by two young, men who were anxous to hear ous us preach. They prevailed upon us to They profered to go around and notify the people. Being presented a good oppertunty for holding a meeting we conformed our actions to the plan of the young men. So in a short time we were seated in a little country school house befor a small congregation.

After meeting we accompanied a kind friend hom for the night. ---

September 18, 1899

McClelland, Ga. Mon. Sept. 18 - '99. ---

The day dawned wet a dearey. In consequce of the inclemency of the weather I remained in during the morning hours and devoted my time to writing.

During the evenning we visited two famlis. With the last we remained and took supper. After supper we accompaned them to our meeting at a neighborin house. --

P.I. P. PPP -----

September 19, 1899

D.P.Lott. Ga, Tue, Sept. 19-99-

A five mile walk through the deep sand brought us to the home of D.P.Lott, a friend's.

Here we held an interesting meeting at night. Some of those present listened to "Mormonism" for the first time.

[page 160]

160

September 20, 1899

Pine Bloom, Ga. Wed. [18] Sept. 2020 - 1899

By letter we had notified the people of the above place that we would hold serviceses in their church to-night. Persuant to this appointment we set out for the above place shortly after breakfast -- ariving at our destination in the early part of the evenning. Pine Blom is a Saw Mill town of few inhabitants. In at least one particular it differes from other towns of this [19] kind. It A majority of her inhabitants are on the Wite side of the color line; while, as a rule, at other Saw Mills of this country the african predominates. In another respect it might be said that Pine Bloom has characteristics that are pecular to itself. Her inhabitants are religious. This can not be said of all Saw Mill towns. Here the people worship the Lord under the auspices of the Holyness Baptist Union. While they beleive in the Methodist doctrine of Sanctification they also concur with the Baptists in their belief that a man must be "born of the water." At the Mill we met the man to whom we wrote concerning our appointment. We found him to be an adhearant of the Holiness Bap. Union, and also a hipocrite. His hipocrey was manifested to us by his talk about other people. Nor was the This, however, was not the only means by which we were persauded that some of holy people were not what they professed to be. As soon

[page 161]

161

as we got inside the church at night our eyes beheld one of the onea middle aged man knealing in a corner praying to be seen of men, as did the hypocites of old.

Our meeting was well attended. A majority, howevr, of those who come out had in view the satisfiing of their curties Morons, not a few were confident that we would preach about the seven wives. This was particularly true of one lone young lady who tolds us afterwards that she came out fully persuaded that we would preach polygamy.

September 21, 1899

Pine Bloom, Ga, Thur. Sept. 21 - 99

We spent most of the day in visiting.
At night we preached to a small congregation

September 22, 1899

Bridgetown, Ga. Fri. Sept. 22 - 99

Having in view to go to the above place we took our leave from of Pine Bloom in the cool of the day. As we walked along the R. R. past the mill an insident took place that evidenced to us the correctness of our belief that all the Holiness people were not without sin. At the mill somting had gone wrong. One of the men desirng to make it wright without any effort commenced to cursing one of his co-leages

[page 162]

<u>162</u>

Finding after a few minutes that the argument of profanity was not in-efficacious, the man who now whole belonged wholy to the Devil reached for something more solid; He foun which he found in a piece of scantling. With this he made his co-laborer dance to a tune sung in words that would please only the Devil and the some of the Holiness people at Pine Bloom. --

September 23, 1899

Lax Ga. Sat. Sept. 223 -- '99. -

At the above place we spent the night. Just as we got through with supper, Elders Willians and John, who were laboring in the naboring Co., came in and took us by surprise. Their pesence made a plesant evening. On the veranda we spent several plesant hours, exchanging ideas and talking about our labors.

September 24, 1899

Lax. Ga. Sun. Sept. 234 - 99

Su We were up at an early hour. On the veranda we past the time till eleven, the hour appointed for meeting. Seeing that the prospects for holding meeting were poor, Elders Williams & John took their leave going into their own county.

At about three Elder Brewer any myself to our leave, starting for the interior of our Co. On the way we

[page 163]

163

passed a colored church. Meeting was in cession, so we took a seat just opposite the church to listen to the proceedings; Some one was praying at the top of their voice. At intervals the congregation would say amen simultaneously. This contined on for about ten minuts, when we left

September 25, 1899

Bridgetown, Ga. Mon. Sept. 25-99.

During the day we walked about 14 miles. On this journey we experienced scarcely any difficulty until about dark. At this time of day we found ourselves in a strange settlement. [21] and no place to spend the night

Our first attempt was at a place were lived a couple that had just united in wedlock. The husband was away, but a young man was at the house. We were asked in, and "bid set down to supper, which was then waiting. While eating we studied the situation closely, and finaly concluded to journey right on after supper. We were directed to a neighbor's who lived but half a mile away. At this place the gentlema of the house was away also. So of course we had to journey right on. To where, we did not know. But walking through the lonely woods for a distanc of a mile or so we catch sight of a light in front of us. At once

[page 164]

164

hopes were revived. At the gate of this place we were met by a young man who informed us that a widow women of was the occupant of the house; and that she did not take in travelers. We were refered to a gentlemen who lived neighbor to the window, who at this time was in the house. He was called out. From him we received a negative reply to our application for entertaiment. This man, as usual, was kind enough to dirrect us to the next house. Thanking him for his information we took the road. Getting a short distance from the house we heard some loud talking back at the house which we had just left. Being persuaded that they were explaining their reasons for turning us away, we stoped for an instant to listen. Just as The first sounds that I we cought were the words of the old gentlemen -- "Why they run them out of Pearson". We listened closely for other words but could not catch them. As we walked on I said to my companion, we must be bad men, forwhen the devil is fighting us -- why he inspired some of his servants to run us out of Pearson. It was now late, and as a consequence people were retiring for the night. In the face of these circumstance our hope of

spending the night inside was growng dim. We, hower, determined to try again. So we did. At a clolord man's place

[page 165]

165

we were directed to a white man's farmer who, we were told, lived only a hundred vards away. After walking about 300 yards we were in front of the house. Every thing was quite, so we were almost lead to believe that the folds were all to bed. But a light in one room evedinced to us that some had not yet retired. I hailed. Ma The folks some of whom were already in sleepland commenced to wake up. All over the house could be heard queres --"What is that."-- Who is it making that noise. Finaly the lady of the house called the "Old Man." While he was just half awake he was asked what he was going to do with the Mormon percher Not knowing the meanig of the interogation he replyed indignantly -- "Nothing. As soon as he was fully awakend to and got the use of his sences, he spoke he bid us come in." Continueing his remarks he said: "I never turn any one away."

In a short time a pallet was arranged on the veranda. We Being tired we lost no time in making the use of it for which it was intended. Abot midnight the wind commenced to blow. Befor mornnig it was quite cool. In consequece of this my nights rest was a poor one.

[page 166]

166

<u>September 26, 1899</u> <u>John Spivy</u> <u>Ga. Tue. Sept. 26 -- 1899</u>

During the day we walked a distance of

nine miles. Visted some friends. -

September 27, 1899

Wed. Sept. 27 - 1899. ----

Visited friends during the day. ----

September 28, 1899

Thur. Sept. 28 - 1899 ---

<u>Visited some friends during the</u> <u>day. At night we held a meeting in</u> a friend's house.

September 29, 1899

Fri. Sept. 29 - 1899

The day was spent in study. At night we met on the veranda of a friends house in meeting capacity. A large congregation gathered in and we held an interesting meeting.

September 30, 1899

Saturday Sep. 30--'99. ---

This day passed away as did yesterday. in study and meditation. At night a very good meeting was held.

[page 167]

167

October 01, 1899

Sunday, Oct. 1 -- 1899 ----

Shortly after arising we were on the road to a neighboring settlement. At about ten we were at our destination. In the village church we took a seat to

write turning our attention to the study of the Gospel as a means of pasng the time till our congregation would come. In a short time our friends commenced to make their appeance. Shortly some came in who were not our friends. Among the rest of this class was a bitter anti-"Mormon, who was very musch opposed to letting us preach in the sacred sanctuary which had been rendered secered by being used some time as a fable shop. He having but few adhearents deamed it necesary to make use of his 'orotorical powers. Acting upon this plan he called to gethr the few who would listen, and commencd to uligize the name of Christ and berlisque the leades of the ism from Utah. It w But it was manifest in a short time that his mode of proceedure was inefficaceous; for there were present some who had never listened to a sermon delived in defence of "Mormonism"

[page 168]

168

When the time arrived for commencing meeting the people were called in. I took charge. After sing the commencig exceciss my companion made a few timely remarks. I followed him, skeaking at some length on the means of ascertaing who the true servants of God are. As soon as meeting was over we started for the place appointed for our evennings ameeting -- six mles distant. At our destination we were met by a large congregation. Many of those present had nevr heard a "Mormon" Elder discouse. ----After meeting an over-dosing bully tried hard to get me to quarel with. I resented, telling him I did not want to talk with him.

October 02, 1899

Mon. Oct. 2 -- 1899 -----

A card received from two of the traveling Elders yesterday was part of the plan of to-day's work. In it we were instructed to meet them on the R.R. four miles distant. Accordingly, we left our grips at a friend's place, and started for the designated place of meeting. As it was cool and pleasant but little time was lost in covering the distance.

At the station we waited anxiously

for half an hour to see the form of two "Mormon" Elders come down the

[page 169]

169

Tract. Becoming impatient we stroled down the tract in the direction from which the Elders would come. Shortly they appeared around a curve. A joyeous handshape was the next proceeding. Through the saw\mill town we walked four abreast, exciting the attention of the people; who not doubt, persuading themselve that the "Mormon's" had come to set up "their kingdom"-- steped out on the veranda to get an open view of us. At a friends place we ate a hearty dinner; after which we walked to a neighborg settlement, to the place appointed for convening in meeting at night. As soon as the clouds of darkness commenced to settle the neighbors were falling the anixous people commenced to pour in. In less than an hour the room was full. The meeting held was an interesting one. The Spirit was there in profussion

October 03, 1899

Tue. Oct. 3 -- 1899 ---

The day was spent at a friend's house. Nothing of importance

happened during the day. At night we held a small family meeting.

[page 170]

<u>170</u>

October 04, 1899

Wed. Oct. 4 - '99. ----

The passed away quitely. At night we held a famly meeting.

October 05, 1899

Thur. Oct. 5 - '99.

Owing to the incessant rain, our pre-adoped plan of work for the day meterially changed. At a frend's place we spent the time. ---

October 06, 1899

Fri. Oct. 6--99]

The hanging clouds rendered our appointment a failure. --We passed the time at a frend's house.

October 07, 1899

Sat. Oct. 7 - '99. .

At eleven, persuant to appontmt, we met at the village school house. There being present a few who desired to hears ous we held a short meeting.

October 08, 1899

Sunday Oct. 8 - '99. ---

During the day 4 Meetings

were held.	
[maga 171]	

[page 171]

<u>171</u>

October 09, 1899

Mon. Oct. 9 - '99 ---During the day we visited with friends.
At night we held a well attended meeting.

October 10, 1899

---10 ---[22] Duing the day we visited with frends and held meetings. ---

October 11, 1899

---11 --- After arranging our affairs we called up a friend, and spent several hours at his house in pleasant conversation. At about two oclock we started for a settlement a few miles to the South. The weather being cool and pleasant, we lost but little time in covering the distance of five miles. Just as the sun was sinking behind the Western horizon we walked up to the house at which we would preach at night. We had not been at the house long befor we were invited to the supper table. Shortly after pertispating in a good pertaking of the good things supper on the supper table I found myself seated beside my companion in front of a congregation of people who were anxiously waiting to hear the word of truth. Our meeting was a decided sucess.

October 12, 1899

---12 ----

Arrangements having been made for us to preach in a neighboring settlement at eleven oclock, our attention was naturally directen to that place. So after eating pinders and chewing cane we started on the road, --having six miles of sand befor us. As there was four of us in the coumpany we made use of time talking upon current topics

[page 172]

172

We arived at our destination in due season. At the appointed place we found a samall congregation patiently waiting our arrival. After pertaking of eating dinner we assembled on the veranda and held our meeting. ---

October 13, 1899

---13----- Three honest souls haveing applied for Baptism, our attention was dirrected to making application preparations to perform the ordinance on the morrow. Knowing of some in a neighboring settlement who would deam it a priviledge to witness # the sermony, and desiring that they should, I was set apart to carrie the news. Accordingly I hitched one of our friend's mules into the buggy and in a short time I was on the road. The distance of 6 miles was soon covered. The news was appreciated by those for whom it was carried. In this settlement I spent the afternoon by myself. At night a congregation came and I had the priviledge of addressing them.

October 14, 1899

--- 14 ---- The above paragraphs is the record of this date. ----

October 15, 1899

--- 15 ---- Owing to surroundings I was up early, and on the road back to the settlement which a left yersterday. It being cool very little time was required to make the drive. At my destinatin I found all in good spirits, and on the movemaking ready for meeting at eleven.

The news that the "Mormons" were going to Baptize had spread like wild fire.

Although the itws had only been on the wing two days, people 20 miles distant had heard it, and many-desiring to witness "that peculiar people" perform a sacred ordinance -- were making their way to the place appointed for the event of the day. By eleven oclock we had a large congregation. ----

After this meeting we proceeded to the creek followed by our entire congregation.

At the creek we were met by a large

crowd, composed of some [23] who-- while desiring very much to

see the Baptizing-- would not endure

sound doctrine. They persuaded themselves

that by going to the creek they would evade

hering the preaching. but not so, my

companion spoke 3/4 of an hour and I

This time, however, their persuasion was wrong:

for we both had something to say. My comp--

spoke at some length on Baptism. I

followed him -- speaking on the charistics

by which the servants of the Lord could be

<u>known.</u>

At night we held another meeting at which we confirmed the baptized parties.

October 16, 1899

--- 16 ----- During the day we walked a distance of 20 miles, destinating in a neighborng Co. --

October 17, 1899

--- 17 ----- A miles walk from the place where we had spent the night brought us into the company of the four Elders that we were to meet. A short council was held and we

[page 174]

174

desided to take to the village school house for the purpose of holding our Priesthood meeting. We secured some bread and water and therewith made the sacrament a feature of our meeting.

Circumstances rendered it possible for us to have an enjoyable time while conveined to geather. The weather was fine,

and each of the Elds. were enjoying good health and measure of the Spirit. After sacrament each of us bore our testimons. Following this we received some timely instructions from Eld. R.M. Robinson, counclor to the Con. Prest.

October 18, 1899

--- 18---- This day was spent in visiting. No thing of any moment took place. ---

October 19, 1899

---19 ---- Like yesterday, nothing unusual happen

October 20, 1899

---20 --- Having not appointments out we determed to go to a little R.R. town and hold a meeting.

Although we were No trouble was experienced in securing the use of the Academy Bldg. But notwithstanding our meeting with sucess in this particular, our meeting was nearly a falure, as but few attended.

October 21, 1899

---21 ----- During the day we a arranged made arrangements to preach at a village church at night. Late in the evenning the cloudes commenced to rise, and befor night it look like rain so our meeting was a failure. --We spent the night with an old Irshman who had been in the West. He made canpany as he could relate many stories in ealy Chuch histry

[page 175]

175

October 22, 1899

---22 ---- The day dawned fair and cool. What we would do during the day was not known until night. However, after breakfast, we turned our faces to the Sothward. A distance of three miles was soon covered. Calling at a farmer's house we learne were informed that a Congregational Methodist would

preach in a church near by. Not having heard th any of the adhearts of this denomaton discourse of what they held to be the plan of redemption, we determined to make use of the oppertunity. Leaving our grips at the farmer's house we retraced of our steps a distance of a mile. On reaching the church we found the Pastor at his post making ready to start. Just as we entered he announced a hymn containing the following verse:---

"Shall I be carried to the skies On flowery beds of ease; While others fought to win the prize And sailed through bloody seas?"

Finishing the reading this stanzas, the
Pastor spoke at Isome length of the persecutions of the ancient apostles, and made appearnt the fact that they "sailed through bloody seas."
At this juncture I wispred in my compan ears -- "some of the modern apostles have done the same."
The discouse was on prayer. The pastor failed to reach the hearts of congregation with

his limited oratory; and not having any

not having any truth at his disposal eomcommenced to sheding fictious tears -- thinking

[page 176]

176

no doubt, they would drop on some one's heart and melt it.

By the The conduct of the congregation at the close of servicees es evidenced to us that the whole proceeding of the last hour had no more Phars foundation than had Pharazism when the Lollies Nazine preacher in Gallee. For notwithstanding the fact that I was accquainted with a number in the audience none would permit themselvs to belive that I was present. ----

October 23, 1899

---23----- Yesterday we took some steps towards making it possible for us to preach at a village school house to-night. Not desiring to permit our steps to have been taken in vain, we devoted the morning hours to m this early in the mornning we commenced to make other preparations. We called at different places, notifing

the people of our appointment. At a farmers house we met with some lively scenes. App - roaching the old gent. we offered him a tract. He being a fanactic followed our act reciprocated our act of kindeness with the following: "I want to inform you that I do not belive the doctrne."

Not be able instantaneously to statisfy my own inquisitivness relative to the farmer's disbelief in things he was ignorant of I followed his words with the question -- "How do you know when you have not read whe whe wether you do or not befor

[page 177]

177

you know what it is. "O, said the farmer aptly, I have read all about you. The bible you use is not like ours." At this juncture I assured the cotton grower that we used King Jame's translation of the Bible. Again the farmer is heard from:-- "I don't know what translation it is, but I do kn that it is not King Jame's translation." Being pesuaded that the fanatic was better accquainted with cotten growing than ecclesiology, I deamed it necessary to explain expedient to make use of m wh with which the 'cracker' was convusant. So I drew his attention to the fact that we used the same bible that was found in all Methodist and Baptist pulpits. But even this explanation failed to bring within the bounday lines of the understanding of the farmer, the meaning that had in view to convey. His vet countenance yet evindenced symptoms of incredulity and fanaticism. Sizing him up once more I was fully convinced that his case would elude cure. When I was about to leave I questioned him relative to his belief in the Bible. Unreluctantly he followed my queries with in this style -- "Yes I believe the bible." Realizing the uselessness of waistng words upon a fanatic I turned to leave, saying as I did, we will preach at the school house to- night. "No, you won't," ejactulated the the cotton growr. Here of couse

[page 178]

178

In those three words he let down the bars so that I could walk in on his own ground and thrash him with the Bible that he beleve? in. Of course I did not faile to walk in. I made use of the weapon proffered me. I asked him if he did not say that he belived the Bible. He answered in the affirmatve. Then said I, you have contradicted yourself: for the bible says "do unto others as you would like to have them do unto you." Right here I must say that I became a little vile, and closed up the loop too tight. I said: now you have told a lie. Of course my rash words were more than the fanatic could bear. He flew into a passion; grabbed a club and started for us. Now was manifest his belief in the Bible: for he cursed and swore, calling us all kinds of vile names. ---

October 24, 1899

--24---- We spent the day visiting with friends.

[page 180]

<u>180</u>

[24]

May 22, 1899

May 22 -- 1899
Riding on the C & P. R.R.
Between Hawthorn Sta. and Ornge
Heights. Companion J. R. Seller
of Colorado. -- at ½ past
10'oclock.

[25]

Notes

- [1] Front cover is gray. This is not the original binding; a train wreck caused considerable damage to the diaries.
- [2] There is a watermark along the right side of the page, "RIVES".
- [3] There is water damage on this page and throughout the journal; the damage is worst in the first part of the book.
- [4] This and is written at a downward slant.
- [5] The lines under the dates have been connected together for transcribing purposes.
- [6] Text may be missing due to damaged edge of page.
- [7] Preceding date text is underlined with a dotted line, as is the following underlined date text.
- [8] Parts of the remainder of page illegible due to damage/fading.
- [9] The paper is damaged here, making the next 3 lines difficult to read.
- [10] The bottom right corner is damaged, making it difficult to read. The text is also faded.
- [11] Text illegible due to ink spot.
- [12] Most of remainder of page illegible due to water damage. The spaces between the lines that are legible do not line up with the journal spaces.
- [13] These two lines are illegible due to water damage.
- [14] The rest of this word runs into the binding.
- [15] There is an ink blot over the preceding 'sa'.
- [16] Text illegible due to ink spot.
- [17] There is an ink spot here.
- [18] Part of the underlining in the following date has been omitted for transcription purposes.
- [19] Preceding insertion is made below the line.
- [20] The following two dates have been tagged differently than the rest ofthe journal for transcription purposes.
- [21] Following insertion is written sideways in the left margin, with a line drawn from the margin to here.
- [22] The previous ten, as well as the following numbers and dashes, are written in the left margin.
- [23] Preceding insertion is made below the line.
- [24] Preceding and following pages are not included, because they are blank.
- [25] The back cover is gray, identical to the front cover.